



NEW ZEALAND
FOREIGN AFFAIRS & TRADE
Aid Programme

New Zealand Aid Programme
Investment Priority Indicators:

RENEWABLE ENERGY (FLAGSHIP)



Goal: Expand access to affordable, reliable and clean energy

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Increased and equitable access to affordable energy	» Reduced reliance on fossil fuels » Increased renewable energy production » More efficient energy supply (production and delivery) » Increased private sector participation in the energy sector
More reliable and resilient energy supply	» More effective operation, maintenance and renewal of assets » Improved energy sector planning

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Energy supplied through the main grids produced from renewable energy sources (%)	1.1G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
People provided with new or improved electricity supply (No., M/F)	1.1D
Installed renewable energy capacity of new or upgraded infrastructure (megawatts)	1.2D
Renewable energy generated/produced per annum (megawatts/hour)	1.3D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

These indicators are suggestions and are outside of the Strategic Results Framework. They are for optional use across Activities, Investment Priorities, and Programmes. They can be adapted to suit the context. Results frameworks can also include other indicators outside this list.

GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 Households/businesses with new or improved electricity supply (No., %)
- 2 Population without electricity (%)
- 3 Hours when electricity system is not operating (using SAIDI/SAIFI data if available) (mins/hrs/year)
- 4 Residents' perceptions that new or improved electricity supply provides greater opportunities for work/business activities (% M/F)
- 5 Residents' perceptions that new or improved electricity supply provides greater opportunities for social and family activities (% M/F)
- 6 Time use survey of residents, reflecting new or improved electricity supply (hours, %, M/F)
- 7 Total residential electricity use (megawatts/year)
- 8 Total commercial electricity use (megawatts/year)
- 9 Residents' perceptions that electricity costs are affordable (%)
- 10 Complaints received regarding access (No.)
- 11 Cost of electricity versus cost of kerosene (ratio: kW/Hr of electricity/litres of kerosene)
- 12 Electricity that is unaccounted for (e.g. unmetered, line losses or theft, etc.) (%)
- 13 Environmental improvement as a result of renewable energy production (e.g. water lens quality, reduced noise, pollution, etc.)
- 14 Expenditure on purchasing fuel for household energy needs by women (% increase)
- 15 Time saved by women and girls on collecting biomass fuels (Hours/week)
- 16 Women and men with increased incomes due to improved electricity supply (No., %, M/F)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 17 People that have received renewable energy related training (No., M/F)
- 18 People that successfully complete renewable energy related training (No., M/F)
- 19 People using skills/knowledge received in renewable energy related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 20 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 21 People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or manager assessment or independent assessment) (No., %, M/F)
- 22 Organisations that have received renewable energy related advisory support (No.)
- 23 Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
- 24 Renewable energy Asset Management Plans are operational (e.g. completion of training, systems, processes, audit) (Yes/No)
- 25 Number of renewable energy related TA days provided (days)
- 26 Organisational capacity development – measured through 'Organisational Assessment tools'.
- 27 Renewable energy related community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. annual planning and reporting undertaken, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No)
- 28 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 29 Identified renewable energy legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)



NEW ZEALAND
FOREIGN AFFAIRS & TRADE
Aid Programme

New Zealand Aid Programme
Investment Priority Indicators:

AGRICULTURE (FLAGSHIP)



Goal: Increase economic and food security benefits from agriculture

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Increased contribution of agriculture to the economy	<ul style="list-style-type: none">» Greater productivity from agriculture» Greater value from agricultural exports» Increased demand for local produce» Increased incomes and employment along the agriculture supply chain» Increased integrity of biosecurity and food safety systems
Enhanced food security and nutrition from agriculture	<ul style="list-style-type: none">» Increased adoption of more resilient and nutritional varieties of crops» Increased access to sustainable sources of nutritious foods» Increased yields from major staple crops

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Agriculture sector – added value of GDP (%)	2.1G
Agriculture export value (\$)	2.2G
Prevalence of stunting among children under five years of age (ratio/No.)	2.3G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Additional value of agricultural production (\$/% change)	2.1D
People assisted (through training, access to agriculture technologies and advisory support) to increase benefits from agriculture (No., M/F)	2.2D
Additional agriculture jobs created (Activity specific) (No.)	2.3D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

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GENERAL INDICATORS	
1	People who have gained access to agricultural technologies (No., M/F)
2	Undernourished people (No., M/F)
3	Farming techniques/models that have been adopted in other areas or 'scaled-up' (No.)
4	Soil and water quality tests carried out (e.g. reduction in nitrogen levels) (No., %)
5	Farmers with extension officer coverage (%)
6	Additional agricultural production (% change - based on product quantity)
7	Membership of agriculture associations/committees (No., %, M/F)
8	People displaced whose livelihoods have been restored (No., M/F)
9	Farmers utilising improved pasture/forage systems (No., M/F)
10	Agricultural goods (tonnage/volume)
11	Farmers planting increasing crop diversity (No., M/F)
12	Farmers selling agricultural goods (No., M/F)
13	Farmers using improved agricultural services and investments (No.)
14	Household income expenditure (%)
15	Worker income from agricultural activities (\$, M/F)
16	Employees and new positions created (No., M/F/ children)
17	Farmers with access to finance (No., M/F)
18	Farmers supported with market access services (No., M/F)
19	Value of agriculture export sales (\$)
20	Time to export (days)
21	Cost to export (US\$ per container)
22	Government agencies assisted (through training or advisory support) to facilitate agriculture trade (No.)
23	Incidence of pest interceptions on agriculture imports at the New Zealand border (No.)

HORTICULTURE SPECIFIC	
24	Hectares under production (No. hectares)
25	Farmers growing improved crop species (No., %)
26	Horticulture production (tonnes/hectare)
DAIRY SPECIFIC	
27	Milk samples meeting agreed quality standards (%)
28	Milk productivity per cow (litres/cow)
29	Total local milk production (litres)
LIVESTOCK SPECIFIC	
30	Livestock production index
31	Months to slaughter (No.)
32	Weight at slaughter (kg)
33	Cattle sold per year (No., kg)
CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS	
34	People that have received agriculture related training (No., M/F)
35	People that successfully complete agriculture related training (No., M/F)
36	People using skills/knowledge received in agriculture related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
37	People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
38	People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F)
39	Organisations that have received agriculture advisory support (No.)
40	Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
41	Asset Management Plans are operational (e.g. completion of training, systems, processes, audit) (Yes/No)
42	Number of agriculture related TA days provided (days)
43	Organisational capacity development – measured through 'Organisational Assessment tools'.
44	Agriculture related community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. annual planning and reporting undertaken, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No)
45	Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
46	Identified agriculture related legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)



New Zealand Aid Programme
Investment Priority Indicators:

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY



Goal: Expand ICT connectivity, access and use in the pacific

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Increased ICT connectivity and access	» Enhanced fixed, mobile and wireless networks » Improved sustainability, quality and affordability of internet and telecommunications services
Increased ICT use and opportunities	» Increased use of ICT to deliver government services » Strengthened online presence of the private sector » Increased availability of ICT tools for small and medium enterprises (SMEs) » Increased ICT capability through school-based and vocational training

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Percentage of individuals using the internet (% M/F)	3.1G
Percentage of population covered by a mobile network (%)	3.2G
International internet bandwidth (bits per second per internet user)	3.3G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
People provided with new or improved ICT services (telecommunications and/or internet) (No., M/F)	3.1D
People assisted (through training and advisory support) to increase economic or social benefits from the use of ICT services (No., M/F)	3.2D
Government agencies, organisations or business entities assisted (through advisory support) to increase benefits from ICT services (No.)	3.3D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

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GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 International internet bandwidth per inhabitant (bit/second/inhabitant)
- 2 Cost of broadband services – based in average monthly income (%)
- 3 Households with internet access (No., %)
- 4 Households with access to landlines (No., %)
- 5 Households with access to mobile phones (No., %)
- 6 Schools with internet access (No., %)
- 7 Schools with 10 or more people using the internet (No., %)
- 8 Health facilities with internet access (No., %)
- 9 Health facilities with 10 or more people using the internet (No., %)
- 10 Businesses with internet access (No., %)
- 11 Businesses with 10 or more people using the internet (No., %)
- 12 Fixed (wired) broadband internet subscribers (per 100 people)
- 13 Residents' perceptions that ICT costs are affordable (%)
- 14 Residents' perceptions that ICT services are accessible (%)
- 15 Mobile broadband internet subscribers (per 100 people)
- 16 Broadband speeds available to retail subscribers
- 16 Fibre connections measured against total broadband (%)
- 17 Households with a computer (No., %)
- 18 Total public and private funds leveraged (\$, %)
- 19 Countries with a National Broadband Plan/Strategy, or broadband included under Universal Service Plan (No.)
- 20 Mobile/fixed line internet service providers active in the retail market (No.)
- 21 Government departments using centralised, secure, information management services (including email) (No., %)
- 22 Government services that can be accessed via internet or other ICT platforms (eGovt.) for improved efficiency (No., %)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 16 People that have received ICT related training (No., M/F)
- 17 People that successfully complete ICT related training (No., M/F)
- 18 People using skills/knowledge received in ICT related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 19 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 20 People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F)
- 21 Organisations that have received ICT advisory support (No.)
- 22 Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
- 23 Asset Management Plans are operational (e.g. completion of training, systems, processes, audit) (Yes/No)
- 24 Number of ICT related TA days provided
- 25 Organisational capacity development – measured through 'Organisational Assessment tools'.
- 26 Community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. annual planning and reporting undertaken, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No)
- 27 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 28 Identified ICT related legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)



New Zealand Aid Programme Investment Priority Indicators:

FISHERIES



Goal: Increase economic and food security benefits from sustainable fisheries and aquaculture in the Pacific

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Increased contribution of fisheries and aquaculture to the economy	» Strengthened coastal state fisheries management rights » Increased employment of Pacific Islanders in the seafood sector
Improved management of wild fish stocks within sustainable limits	» Improved regional management of oceanic tuna stocks » Improved national management of oceanic tuna and coastal fisheries.
Enhanced food security from sustainable fisheries and aquaculture	» Improved local level management of coastal fisheries » Increased production from aquaculture

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Contribution of fisheries and aquaculture to GDP (%)	4.1G
Revenue from foreign fisheries licenses (\$)	4.2G
Number of oceanic fish stocks within safe biological limits (No./4)	4.3G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
People assisted (through training and advisory support) to increase benefits from fisheries/aquaculture sector (No., M/F)	4.1D
Number of identified legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No.)	4.2D
Additional value from aquaculture production (\$, % change)	4.3D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



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GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 People undernourished (No., M/F)
- 2 Additional fisheries/aquaculture production (% change based on quantity)
- 3 Value of fisheries/aquaculture export sales (\$)
- 4 Household income expenditure (%)
- 5 Worker income/wages of fisheries/aquaculture workers (\$, M/F)
- 6 Employees and new positions created (No., M/F)
- 7 Fishers selling fisheries/aquaculture goods (No., M/F)
- 8 Coastal fisheries commercial catch (Ton.)
- 9 Coastline with integrated coastal management/marine protected areas in place (%)
- 10 Coastal subsistence catch (Ton.)
- 11 Fishers given access to improved fisheries/aquaculture services and investments (No., M/F)
- 12 Fishers supported with market access services (No., M/F)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 13 People that have received fisheries related training (No., M/F)
- 14 People that successfully complete fisheries related training (No., M/F)
- 15 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 16 People using skills/knowledge received in fisheries related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 17 Organisations that have received advisory support (No.)
- 18 Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
- 19 Asset Management Plans are operational (e.g. completion of training, systems, processes, audit) (Yes/No)
- 20 Number of fisheries related TA days provided (No., days)
- 21 Staff/people showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment).
- 22 Organisational capacity development – measured through ‘Organisational Assessment tools’.
- 23 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 24 Identified legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)
- 25 Policies in place to address fisheries industry working conditions (e.g. ships/boats, factories) (No.)



New Zealand Aid Programme Investment Priority Indicators:

TOURISM



Goal: Increase economic benefits from tourism in the Pacific

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Increased demand for tourism in the Pacific	<ul style="list-style-type: none">» Enhanced quality and range of tourism products and services» Improved tourism sector data analysis and planning» Increased private sector investment in tourism sector
Increased local value from tourism	<ul style="list-style-type: none">» Strengthened sector coordination, capacity and management» Strengthened skills and capability of local tourism businesses and communities» Enhanced environmentally and socially sustainable tourism management standards and practices

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
National tourist arrivals (No.)	5.1G
Tourism sector – added value of GDP (%)	5.2G
Average daily value of tourist spend (\$/ % increase)	5.3G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Additional tourists (Activity specific) (No.)	5.1D
Additional tourism jobs created (Activity specific)(No., M/F)	5.2D
People assisted (through training or advisory support) to increase benefits from tourism (No., M/F)	5.3D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

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GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 Additional tax revenue generated from tourism (\$, % increase)
- 2 Additional revenue generated from tourism business (\$, % increase)
- 3 Tourism businesses/entities supported that are 'community based' (and/or locally owned and operated) (No.)
- 4 Tourism businesses drawing on 'access to financing' support (No., non-community based/community based)
- 5 New tourism entities (formal sector) (No., community based/non-community based)
- 6 Income/wages of tourism workers (\$, M/F)
- 7 Employees and new positions created (No., M/F)
- 8 Tourist/visitor satisfaction with tourism experience (%)
- 9 Tourist/visitor satisfaction with community based tourism experience (%)
- 10 Tourist/visitor satisfaction with "nature based" tourism experience (%)
- 11 Repeat visitors to holiday destination (%)
- 12 Visits to tourism destination websites (No., %)
- 13 Tourist nights (accommodation, No.)
- 14 Occupancy rates (accommodation, %)
- 15 Significant infrastructure built or upgraded (No.)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 16 People that have received tourism related training (No., M/F)
- 17 People that successfully complete tourism related training (No., M/F)
- 18 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 19 People using skills/knowledge received in tourism related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 20 People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F)
- 21 Organisations that have received advisory support (No.)
- 22 Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
- 23 Asset Management Plans are operational (e.g. completion of training, systems, processes, audit) (Yes/No)
- 24 Number of tourism related TA days provided (No., days)
- 25 Organisational capacity development – measured through 'Organisational Assessment tools'.
- 26 Tourism community related community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. annual planning and reporting undertaken, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No)
- 27 Tourism sector with agreed and operational strategic plan (including responses to child protection and public health risks) (No.)
- 28 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 29 Identified legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)



New Zealand Aid Programme Investment Priority Indicators:

TRADE AND LABOUR MOBILITY



Goal: Increase economic benefits from trade and labour mobility in the Pacific

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Improved capability of Pacific governments to create an enabling environment for trade and investment	» Improved capability of biosecurity and customs services
Increased growth and profitability of Pacific businesses	» Improved skills and capability of Pacific businesses » Increased exports of goods and services from the Pacific
Increased incomes and employment, including remittances from labour mobility	» Improved skills and work experience for Pacific workers
Enhanced reliability and safety of transport infrastructure	» Reduced risk of death, injury or economic loss from domestic or international transport incidents

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Growth rate of exports (%)	6.1G
Doing business score (distance to frontier)	6.2G
Personal remittances received (current No. in US\$)	6.3G
Employment-to-population ratio (%)	6.4G
Safety audit scores by international regulatory agencies (aviation/marine)	6.5G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
People assisted (through training or advisory support) to increase benefits from trade (and labour mobility) (No., M/F)	6.1D
Government agencies, organisations or business entities assisted (through advisory support) to increase benefits from trade and labour mobility (No., M/F)	6.2D
People employed through labour mobility initiatives (including Recognised Seasonal Employer Scheme) (No., M/F)	6.3D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

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GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 New businesses registered (No., M/F)
- 2 Number of employees and new positions created (No., M/F)
- 3 Number of businesses supported to access export markets (No.)
- 4 Income/wages of employees in tradeable sector (\$, M/F)
- 5 Time to export (days)
- 6 Cost to export (US\$ per container)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 7 People that have trade/labour mobility related received training (No., M/F)
- 8 People that successfully complete trade/labour mobility related training (No., M/F)
- 9 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 10 People using skills/knowledge received in training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 11 Organisations that have received advisory support (No.)
- 12 Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
- 13 Number of trade/labour mobility related TA days provided (Days)
- 14 Staff/people showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F)
- 15 Organisational capacity development – measured through ‘Organisational Assessment tools’.
- 16 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 17 Identified trade/labour mobility related legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)
- 18 Ratification of labour protection laws (No.)
- 19 Employment policies meet ILO standards (No., Yes/No)



NEW ZEALAND
FOREIGN AFFAIRS & TRADE
Aid Programme

New Zealand Aid Programme
Investment Priority Indicators:

ECONOMIC GOVERNANCE



Goal: Strengthen economic governance in the Pacific

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Improved environment for private-sector growth, job creation, and high quality service delivery	» Improved regulatory environment for private sector led growth » Improved regulations and standards for the delivery of core public services
Improved effectiveness in the collection, management and expenditure of public finances	» Improved public financial management systems » Increased efficiency of tax and customs revenue systems
Improved performance and capability of the public sector	» Strengthened economic management capacity and capability

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Governance and effectiveness index	7.1G
Regulatory quality index	7.2G
Public Expenditure and Financial Accountability scores	7.3G
Tax Administration Diagnostic Assessment Tool scores	7.4G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Countries that have received advisory support to strengthen economic governance through bilateral engagements (No.)	7.1D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

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GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 Number of employees and new positions created (No., M/F)
- 2 Income/wages of employees in private sector (either Activity specific or sector) (\$, M/F)
- 3 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 4 Identified changes to legislation, policy or approaches that are agreed and implemented (No.)
- 5 Tax revenue (% increase)
- 6 GINI Index per country
- 7 Proportion of public sector management that are women (%)
- 8 Proportion of private sector management that are women (%)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 9 People that have received training (No., M/F)
- 10 People that successfully complete training (No., M/F)
- 11 People using skills/knowledge received in training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 12 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 13 People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F)
- 14 Organisations that have received advisory support (No.)
- 15 Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
- 16 Number of TA days provided (days)
- 17 Organisational capacity development – measured through ‘Organisational Assessment tools’.
- 18 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 19 Identified legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)



NEW ZEALAND
FOREIGN AFFAIRS & TRADE
Aid Programme

New Zealand Aid Programme Investment Priority Indicators:

LAW AND JUSTICE



Goal: Strengthen law and justice systems in the Pacific

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Improved community safety	» Increased community confidence in policing » Reduced violence against women » Prisons increasingly meet human rights standard
Strengthened democratic and national integrity systems	» Strengthened conduct of free and fair elections » Strengthened and equitable public and private sector leadership » Enhanced effectiveness, accountability and transparency of institutions at all levels
Improved access to justice	» Improved Pacific judicial systems » Improved access to legal representation » Enhanced legislative policy and regulatory frameworks

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Rule of Law Index	8.1G
Voice and Accountability Index	8.2G
Prevalence of violence against women (%)	8.3G
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%; No.)	8.4G
Corruption Perceptions Index	8.5G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
People assisted (through training or advisory support) to strengthen law and justice systems. (No., M/F)	8.1D
Government ministries and NGOs assisted (through advisory support, training) to increase benefits from strengthened law and justice systems. (No.)	8.2D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

These indicators are suggestions and are outside of the Strategic Results Framework. They are for optional use across Activities, Investment Priorities, and Programmes. They can be adapted to suit the context. Results frameworks can also include other indicators outside this list.

GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 People that have accessed services (e.g. police, law, etc) (No., M/F)
- 2 People with confidence/trust in law and justice services (e.g. police, legal, courts) (% M/F)
- 3 Prevalence of violence against women and children (No., %)
- 4 Crime rates (recorded /resolved where possible) (rate per 1,000)
- 5 Law and court reforms that address gender-based discrimination in access to justice (No.)
- 6 Vulnerable women, men, girls and boys provided with assistance in crisis situations (No.)
- 7 Women employed as judges, magistrates, court officials, lawyers, police, etc (No., %).
- 8 Law and justice agencies with gender equality policies or strategies (and evidence that they are implemented) (No.)
- 9 Elections supported (No.)
- 10 People that vote in elections (No., %, M/F)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 11 People that have received law and justice related training (No., M/F)
- 12 People that successfully complete law and justice related training (No., M/F)
- 13 People using skills/knowledge received from law and justice related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 14 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 15 People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F)
- 16 Number of law and justice related TA days provided (No.)
- 17 Organisations that have received advisory support (No.)
- 18 Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
- 19 Organisational capacity development – measured through ‘Organisational Assessment tools’.
- 20 Community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. regular meetings, coordination, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No)
- 21 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 22 Identified legislation, plans, strategies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)
- 23 Ratification of core Human Rights treaties (NO.)



New Zealand Aid Programme Investment Priority Indicators:

HEALTH



Goal: Improve the health of people in the Pacific

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Reduced impact of NCDs	» Reduced NCD risk factors » Increased access to secondary NCD drugs, technology and specialist services.
Improved maternal health	» Increased access to reproductive health services » Increased access to modern contraception » Improved nutrition for pregnant women
Improved child health	» Increased access to routine immunisation, and life-saving vaccines » Improved nutrition for children
Reduced impact of communicable diseases	» Increased reliable access to clean water » Increased reliable access to sanitation services.

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Mortality between 30 and 70 years from CVD, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory diseases (No.)	9.1G
Under 5 mortality rate (deaths per 1000 live births)	9.2G
Maternal mortality (deaths per 100,000 live births)	9.3G
Women 15-49 years who are sexually active who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods (%)	9.4G
One year-old children immunised against measles (No.)	9.5G
Population using a safely managed drinking water sources (%)	9.6G
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	9.7G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
People that have received specialist health advice and treatment (No., M/F)	9.1D
People that have received essential medicines and care at primary health facilities (No. M/F)	9.2D
Health professionals trained (No., M/F)	9.3D
People provided new or improved water supply (No., M/F)	9.4D
People with new or improved basic sanitation (No., M/F)	9.5D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

These indicators are suggestions and are outside of the Strategic Results Framework. They are for optional use across Activities, Investment Priorities, and Programmes. They can be adapted to suit the context. Results frameworks can also include other indicators outside this list.

GENERAL INDICATORS

1	Population using a safe drinking water source (%)
2	Population using a safe sanitation service (%)
3	Time survey of hours per day collecting water for domestic and other use (% M/F)
4	Incidence of waterborne diseases (rate, M/F)
5	Community WASH committees created (No., M/F)
6	Changes in utilisation of health services – by sex, age ethnicity, etc. (%)
7	Additional female health workers employed (No, %)
8	Health practitioner to patient ratio
9	Health facilities built or upgraded (No.)
10	Patients successfully completing treatment and recovery (% M/F)
11	Current tobacco use among persons 18+ years (%)
12	Medical materials provided (e.g. vaccines, equipment, etc) (No.)
13	Significant health infrastructure built or upgraded (No.)
14	People aged 40-69 years with a 10-year CVD risk \geq 30%, or with existing CVD (% of people with CVD)
15	Rates of raised blood pressure among 18+ years
16	Time survey of weekly physical activity (% M/F, age)
17	Immunization coverage rate, for each vaccine in national schedule
18	New cases of vaccine – preventable diseases in a specified time period
19	Women 15-49 years who are sexually active, who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods (%)
20	Women aged 15-49 years, married or in union, who are currently using, or whose sexual partner is using, at least one method of contraception, regardless of the method used (%)
21	Antenatal care, skilled birth attendance and post-partum care coverage (No.)
22	Sexually transmitted infections incidence rate/Number of new cases of reported STIs (No.)
23	Annual number of births to women aged 15-19 years per 1000 women in that age group (No.)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

24	People that have received health/medical related training (No., M/F)
25	People that successfully complete health/medical related training (No., M/F)
26	People using skills/knowledge received from health/medical related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., % M/F)
27	People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
28	People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., % M/F)
29	Organisations that have received advisory support (No.)
30	Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
31	Number of health/medical related TA days provided (No.)
32	Organisational capacity development – measured through ‘Organisational Assessment tools’.
33	Community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. regular meetings, coordination, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No)
34	Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
35	Identified legislation, plans, strategies, policies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)



New Zealand Aid Programme Investment Priority Indicators:

EDUCATION



Goal: Improve knowledge, skills and basic education

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Improved literacy and numeracy for boys and girls	» Increased access to free basic education » Improved teaching methods » Enhanced school leadership and management » Increased use of assessment information
Increased workforce skills and capability in priority areas	» Scholars and students successfully gain skills and qualifications » Scholars and students contribute to development in their home countries » Scholars maintain positive connections with New Zealand

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Net enrolment ratio in primary education (M/F)	10.1G
Net enrolment ratio in secondary education (M/F)	10.2G
Pupils starting grade 1 who reach last grade of primary (%, M/F)	10.3G
Children meeting regional test levels at grade 6 for numeracy and literacy (No., %, M/F)	10.4G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Number of children assisted in primary and secondary education (through sector support) (No., M/F, per annum)	10.1D
Teachers trained (No., M/F)	10.2D
People that complete vocational training (No., M/F)	10.3D
People that complete tertiary scholarships (No., M/F)	10.4D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary indicators

These indicators are suggestions and are outside of the Strategic Results Framework. They are for optional use across Activities, Investment Priorities, and Programmes. They can be adapted to suit the context. Results frameworks can also include other indicators outside this list.

GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 Principals trained (No., M/F)
- 2 Qualified teachers (No., %, M/F)
- 3 Membership of education committees/associations (% M/F)
- 4 Teacher/student ratio
- 5 Education materials provided – e.g. books, computers, etc (No.)
- 6 Classrooms built or upgraded (No.)
- 7 Children that have gained access to education (No., M/F)
- 8 Scholarships alumni active members (No., %, M/F)
- 9 Scholarship alumni graduates utilising training/qualifications (No., %, M/F)
- 10 Scholarship alumni graduates residing in their home country (No.,%, M/F)
- 11 School curricula promotes equality between women and men, and girls and boys (No.)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 12 People that have received education related training (No., M/F)
- 13 People that successfully complete education related training (No., M/F)
- 14 People using skills/knowledge received from education related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 15 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 16 People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F)
- 17 Organisations that have received advisory support (No.)
- 18 Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %)
- 19 Number of education/training related TA days provided (days)
- 20 Organisational capacity development – measured through ‘Organisational Assessment tools’.
- 21 Community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. regular meetings, coordination, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No)
- 22 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 23 Identified legislation, plans, strategies, policies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)
- 24 Policies and plans in place to address the education needs of children with disabilities (No.)



NEW ZEALAND
FOREIGN AFFAIRS & TRADE
Aid Programme

New Zealand Aid Programme Investment Priority Indicators: **RESILIENCE**



Goal: Strengthen resilience

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES
Improved regional, national and community preparedness for future disasters	» Improved capability of national disaster risk management systems » Improved availability and quality of information on risks and natural hazards and their impacts
Improved disaster risk reduction and adaptation to the impacts of climate change	» Strengthened critical infrastructure to withstand impacts of disasters » Reduced human, economic and environmental loss

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

Global Development Results (Level 1)

Results that the New Zealand Aid Programme is seeking to **contribute** to (with others) in partner countries.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Carbon emissions (metric tonnes per capita)	11.1G

We strongly encourage use of Global Results Indicators across Activities, Investment Priorities and Programmes.

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
People trained to strengthen resilience (disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation) (No., M/F)	11.1D
People trained to strengthen disaster preparedness (No., M/F)	11.2D
Government agencies, organisations supported to strengthen (national and regional) resilience (disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation) (No.)	11.3D
Project proposals supported and submitted to the Green Climate Fund (No., %)	11.4D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

These indicators are suggestions and are outside of the Strategic Results Framework. They are for optional use across Activities, Investment Priorities, and Programmes. They can be adapted to suit the context. Results frameworks can also include other indicators outside this list.

GENERAL INDICATORS

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Countries with early warning systems linked to a response system (No.) |
| 2 | Countries actively preparing/exercising in preparation for natural/climate-related disasters (No.) |
| 3 | Physical infrastructure projects constructed or developed according to DRR and CCA principles to strengthen resilience (disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation). (No.) |
| 4 | People show/demonstrate an understanding of being prepared and able to respond to a natural disaster (No., %, M/F) |
| 5 | Peoples' perceptions that either local, regional, national systems are prepared to respond to disasters and/or climate change (No., %, M/F) |
| 6 | Preparedness plans identify (and are able to respond) to the needs of people with disabilities or vulnerable groups (No.) |
| 7 | Evidence that PICTs are taking practical and policy measures to build resilience to ocean acidification (No. of OA adaptation initiatives on the ground) |
| 8 | Policy and regulatory frameworks require the equal participation of women and girls in disaster preparedness and response (No. Yes/No) |

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- | | |
|----|--|
| 9 | People that have received DRR/climate resilience related training (No., M/F) |
| 10 | People using skills/knowledge received in DRR/climate resilience related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F) |
| 11 | People with increased knowledge and awareness of climate change adaptation/climate resilience building (No., %, M/F) |
| 12 | People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F) |
| 13 | People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F) |
| 14 | Organisations that have received and/or delivered advisory support (No.) |
| 15 | Organisational systems/processes that are operational after 12 months from inception (No., %) |
| 16 | Number of resilience related TA days provided (days) |
| 17 | Organisational capacity development – measured through 'Organisational Assessment tools'. |
| 18 | Community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. regular meetings, coordination, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No) |
| 19 | Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.) |
| 20 | Identified legislation, plans, strategies, policies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No) |



NEW ZEALAND
FOREIGN AFFAIRS & TRADE
Aid Programme

New Zealand Aid Programme
Investment Priority Indicators:

HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE



Goal: Respond to humanitarian emergencies

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES

New Zealand's responses to humanitarian emergencies have a positive and tangible impact on countries

MEDIUM-TERM OUTCOMES

- » Decreased human suffering associated with natural disasters and armed conflict
- » Effective, appropriate and reliable humanitarian response in support of affected governments
- » Enhanced transition from disaster response to recovery

Strategic Results Framework Standard Indicators

New Zealand Aid Programme Direct Results (Level 2)

Results that are more readily **attributable** to the New Zealand Aid Programme.

INDICATORS	REFERENCE NUMBER
Vulnerable people provided with essential and useful assistance following a natural or human induced disaster within the Pacific and outside the Pacific (No., M/F)	12.1D
New Zealand responses to natural disasters in the Pacific that are launched within mandated timeframe (No., %)	12.2D

One or two Direct Results Indicators should be applied to every Activity.



Supplementary Indicators

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GENERAL INDICATORS

- 1 Women, children and people with disabilities reached through humanitarian response (No., M/F)
- 2 Pregnant women reached through humanitarian response (No., M/F)
- 3 Days that specialist teams are deployed - e.g. medical teams, urban search and rescue, coordination support (No.)
- 4 Government responses launched following a natural disaster (No.)
- 5 Timely delivery of agreed relief supplies (% of agreed relief supplies delivered to schedule)
- 6 Women and men whose livelihoods are restored following a humanitarian disaster (No., & %)
- 7 New Zealand humanitarian response effort positively received by partner government (affected country)

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT INDICATORS

- 8 People that have received humanitarian response related training (No., M/F)
- 9 People that successfully complete humanitarian response related training (No., M/F)
- 10 People using skills/knowledge received in humanitarian response related training and/or advisory support, six months later (No., %, M/F)
- 11 People reporting confidence in having the appropriate skills and knowledge to fulfil their roles (No., M/F)
- 12 People showing change in: attitude, skills, knowledge or behaviour (i.e. through self-assessment or independent assessment). (No., %, M/F)
- 13 Organisations that have received advisory support (No.)
- 14 Number of humanitarian responses related TA days provided (No.)
- 15 Organisational capacity development – measured through ‘Organisational Assessment tools’.
- 16 Community entities are operating in a sustainable manner (e.g. regular meetings, coordination, capability, resourcing) (Yes/No)
- 17 Improved or new legislation, plans, strategies drafted in consultation with key stakeholders (No.)
- 18 Identified legislation, plans, strategies, policies that have been agreed and implemented (No., Yes/No)