



New Zealand Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade Manatū Aorere

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OIA 28441

20 February 2023

Requesters name redacted for proactive release

Tēnā koe Requesters name redacted for proactive release

I refer to your email of 9 November 2022 in which you requested the following information:

Commonwealth Affairs: Organisation - Royal Visit to New Zealand 1954

1963 - Speeches Entity type: Item Code: R20760663 Years: 1951 - 1974 Box number: 3680 Part number: 1

Record number: 151/12/27

Former archives reference: Box 3844 Format: Text

Location: Wellington repository

Item type: Physical

Access status: May be restricted

Access statement: Access restriction only

We are responding to your request under the New Zealand Official Information Act 1982 (OIA).

Please find attached the documents relevant to your request, some information is withheld under the following section of the OIA:

• s9(2)(f)(i): maintain the constitutional conventions for the time being which protect the confidentiality of communications by or with the Sovereign or her representative.

Where the information has been withheld under section 9 of the OIA, no public interest in releasing the information has been identified that would override the reasons for withholding it.

Please note that we may publish this letter (with your personal details redacted) and enclosed documents on the Ministry's website.

Nāku noa, nā

Sarah Corbett

for Secretary of Foreign Affairs and Trade

Your Excellency,

I should be grateful if you would convey the following message to Her Majesty:

> "On behalf of all members of the Armed Forces of New Zealand, I thank Your Majesty for the gracious message sent at the conclusion of your visit to this country.

Your Majesty's message has been A short sen honor sen hono promulgated throughout the Services and all have been honoured and encouraged

Minister of Defence

151 /13/1 12 /2

12 February 1954

Dear Mr Wells,

I think a draft along the lines of that attached might be suitable as a reply to Her Majesty.

Your papers are returned herewith,

Yours sincerely,

(Sgd). FOSS SHANAH<mark>AN</mark>

Enclosure: Draft message.

H. Wells, Esq., Private Secretary, Minister of Defence, Parliament Buildings, WELLINGTON.



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Your Excellency,

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"On behalf of all members of the Armed Forces of New Zealand, I thank Your Majesty for the gracious message sent at the conclusion of your visit to this country.

Your Majesty's message has been promulgated throughout the Services and all have been honoured and encouraged by it, particularly those whose privilege it was to perform duties for Your Majesty during work tour."

Minister of Defence.

5 February 1954

Dear Sir,

I have received your letter of 29 January about Dunford Recordings and wish to inform you that I have forwarded your request to the Department of Internal Affairs which deals with matters of this kind.

Yours faithfully,

(Sgd.) R. G. COLLINS

Permanent Head.

D. H. Stringer Req., P. O. Box 1386, GHRISTOHURCH.





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PRIME MINISTER'S STATEMENT.

30.1.54

ANNOUNCEMENT: This is the New Zealand Broadcasting Service.

A short time ago the Prime Minister, the Rt. Hon. S. G. Holland,
bade farewell to Her Majesty The Queen and His Royal Highness The
Duke of Edinburgh at the Bluff. We now introduce Mr. Holland,
who will speak of the Royal Tour just ended. Mr. Holland.

Today closes a chapter in New Zealand's history that will be engraved in the minds and hearts of all those who have been privileged to witness the presence of Her Majesty The Queen and His Royal Highness The Duke of Edinburgh in our midst. In these inspiring and exciting five and a half weeks, the people of New Zealand have had a never-to-be-forgotten experience of sheer joy, celebration and demonstration. New Zealand has known nothing like it before and our people will always remember these stirring days with feelings of deepest gratitude to Our Queen and Our Duke, who have made these happy times possible for us.

Another good thing resulting from the Royal Tour is that the story of New Zealand has been told to the whole world in a way that no other event could cause. The British character of our people, our climate, our tourist attractions, our industries and our national characteristics have all been described to the world in a most effective way.

It is quite impossible to calculate the beneficial effects of this remarkable Tour. The Queen has taken a full part in our national life. She performed the highest constitutional functions in the opening of our Parliament, in assenting to legislation and in presiding at meetings of both the Privy Council and the Executive Council. She has worshipped with the people in our churches. She has seen many thousands of our people at their work and on holiday, visited hospitals, factories, farms and

will take with them the loyal good wishes of all New Zealanders for as successful a tour there as has been the case in New Zealand.

It would be impossible to mention or to differentiate between one town and another, or between one function and another, for each centre and each occasion seemed to have special features of its own that characterised that particular centre.

With two exceptions, I do not propose to mention individual names because everybody who has had any part to play in the vast organisation of the Tour has done it with great efficiency and conspicuous ability.

In the first place, I wish to express the warmest appreciation of the Government to Mr. A. G. Harper, the Director of the Tour, and to his very capable staff for the efficiency of the organisation which planned and carried out every detail of a most intricate programme. Only those who have been intimately connected with the Tour arrangements can have any idea of the magnitude and complexity of the task. The country is grateful to Mr. Harper and his team for a most successful performance of their exacting duties.

Mr. E. H. Compton, Commissioner, and his officers and men of the Police Force, are entitled to the thanks of the community for all they have done. Kindliness, consideration, tact and patience have been the keynotes of their undoubted success. The public response to the friendly control of the Police was most marked. The Police have been splendidly supported by the Armed Forces and Local Body Transport Departments at many points during the Tour.

The Tour could not have been so successful without the close co-operation of the Local Bodies of New Zealand and their staffs. The Government and the Local Bodies have worked together as a well oiled machine, and I offer the Government's grateful thanks.

A special word here about the decorations. In our and on our buildings throughout the country these have been

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the country. Our thanks go out to the loyal and devoted bands of people, especially the women who worked so hard to make this valuable contribution to the success of the Tour.

I must not forget the network of Government Departments, especially the Railways, Post and Telegraph, Civil Aviation, Navy, Army, Air, Post Office, Transport, Internal Affairs, Works, Governmenting Office, and Maori Affairs Departments.

Then there is that fine body of men responsible for the transport of people and the not inconsiderable quantity of baggage. We fewer than 47 car and truck drivers were engaged in this work, and they kept to their schedules without fail. We fewer than 650 pieces of baggage have been moved by land, sea and air, without a single piece being lost.

The Post and Telegraph drivers deserve particular praise. They have driven for long hours and from one end of New Zealand to the other, and accidents have been conspicuous by their absence.

A special word of appreciation must be said concerning the staff accompanying the Royal Party. In all our negotiations and day to day consultations they have been most helpful, understanding and co-operative. To The Queen's Private Secretary, Sir Michael Adeane and all associated with him who have done so much to ensure that things ran smoothly and efficiently, we express our gratitude.

The Education Department and Boards and our School
Committees and teachers have done splendid work in organising parade
of children. National has pleased Her Majorty nore than the arrange
ments for her to meet the white the New Zeakand. Their healthy
appearance and very rousing welcome have left a deep impression.
We have had, as honoured guests during the Tour, a large team of
overseas and local journalists, photographers and radio commentators
One outstanding feature of the Tour has been the recording in story
and in picture of a truly historic occasion. We have been glad to

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No praise is too high for our own New Zealand newspapers who have presented the news in accord with the highest standards of modern journalism. Just as we sometimes go to a football match and then buy a newspaper to read all about it, so have people feasted on the news about the Tour, many aspects of which they have been unable to see for themselves.

Numerous bodies throughout the Dominion have given really expert and most valuable service in the spheres in which they have been specially trained. In this connection I would particularly mention the Returned Services Association, the Red Cross Society, St. John Ambulance, the Bandsmen, the Legion of Frontiersmen, Fire Brigades, Boy Scouts, Girl Guides, Boys Brigade, Girls Brigade.

Modern science has enabled many thousands of people to participate in this great celebration through the Broadcasting Service, which has given really outstanding service and has earned the thanks of countless people made happy by radio.

The Royal Visit has been an outstanding success, made possible by a combination of effort in many fields.

Many other organisations and people are also entitled to thanks. The general public has been magnificent. The Maori Receptions at Rotorua, Waitangi and Turangawaewae were outstanding. The people from Kaikohe to Bluff have been wonderfully helpful and co-operative, and their conduct wherever they assembled was most favourably commented on by overseas observers. Good humour, patience, and consideration for others were always in evidence.

To sum up, the Tour has been a magnificent success. A great and historic occasion has passed, leaving behind memories that will ever be pleasant and inspiring, all because Our Queen and The Duke of Edinburgh have given so generously of their time to make it all possible.

All New Zealanders will trust that in giving so much pleasure to so many others, they have, by the love and affection of

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THE QUEEN'S FAREWELL BROADCAST TO NEW ZEALAND

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To-night is the last of our visit to New Zealand. For rather more than five weeks my husband and I have travelled through your countryside and have dwelt in your cities and towns. To-morrow, escorted by the cruiser Black Prince, we shall sail from the Bluff for our journey across the Tasman Sea.

After such a short time we cannot pretend to a deep knowledge of New Zealand but we may now fairly - and proudly - claim to know a great deal more than we did when we entered Auckland Harbour two days before Christmas and in spite of wind and rain received a wonderful welcome.

And so this evening I wish to say a few words to you, my people of Mew Zealand. You have been our kind hosts during this journey, and you and your children have welcomed us throughout the land. You have shown us something of your life and we have visited some of your farms, your factories and your hospitals. We have met your chosen depresentatives

in Parliament and have worshipped with you in your churches. We have shared both in your sorrows and your joys.

The impression we have received is of a great and united people. We know that in the one hundred and thirteen years which have passed since the Treaty of Waitangi the European and Maori peoples have drawn together, and that to your united strength is constantly being added the vitality and skill of settlers from many countries of the Old World. May this concord of races flourish in the fruitful land and in the splendid and healthy climate which Providence has given you.

These gifts carry with them a great responsibility and I do not doubt that as the years roll by you will never lose sight of the need to husband them and to continue those improvements to which you have set your hand and in many of which New Zealand leads the way.

As New Zealand progresses and develops you will always enjoy the warm affection of your kinsmen in the Mother

Country and the support and comradeship of the other peoples of the British Commonwealth and Empire.

Finally, my husband and I wish to thank you for all that you have done, every one of you, to make our visit so pleasant and so memorable. We thank Sir Willoughby Norrie, my personal representative, who was our host at Auckland and at Wellington. We thank the Prime Minister, Mr. Holland, who, with the New Zealand Government, devised the details of our tour; and we thank most warmly all those servants of the Crown - whether in the Givil Service, the Police, or the Armed Forces - who made and carried out the arrangements and who, in co-operation with the local authorities, made it a success.

But, above all, we thank you, the people of New Zealand of all ages, for your hospitality and your welcome; we greatly appreciate the many messages and presents which you have given to us for our children and which they will be delighted to receive. We have enjoyed

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every minute of our stay and our only regret is
that time has not allowed us to visit those Island
Territories of which you are so justly proud.

Now that the moment has come to leave, we do so
with sorrow but we also look forward to the day
when we shall once more be able to visit your
shores.

May God bless New Zealand and watch over the destinies of her people.

P.O. BOX 1386

HILLIER STRINGER LL.B. ELEPHONE 31657 79-453

The Official Secretary The Prime Minister's Departmen Parliament Buildings, WELLINGTON.

88 Hereford Street. 29th January 1954

Dear Sir,

re DUNFORD RECORDINGS copy of a

I am enclosing herewith a/letter today sent to the Director This letter will explain the proposed actions of my of Broadcasting. client.

Apart from the matters raised therein, there is the matter of the proposed use of the voices of Her Majesty, The Queen, and His Royal Highness, The Duke of Edinburghihlt is proposed to use extracts from the speeches made whilst in Christchurch.

In view of the use of the Royal portraits on such articles as beer mugs and other wholly unsuitable articles now on sale throughout the Country, it is felt that no objection will be raised tousing their voices on such a recording.

If your Department is the appropriate one to grant such permission, I would be pleased to hear from you at the earliest possible date. If not, would you please forward this request to the appropriate Department, or advise me to whom to write.

Yours faithfully,

Please refer to Inhermal Affairs, & reply to Stronger saying this has been some.

DUPLICATE:

Secretary for Internal Affairs,

action please WELLINGTON.

Referred

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1905URE 29th January 1904

The Director of Broadcasting, New Zealand Broadcasting Service, WELLINGTON.

Dear Sir.

re DUNFORD RECORDINGS.

I am acting for the abovenamedfirm in the matter of certain proposed recordings to be made in connection with the recent Royal Visit to Christchurch.

My client feels that there will be some demand for a composite recording of events during the visit, so that the purchasers of these records will have a permanent record of those memorable days. To this end he has recorded on tape the majority if the programme, and proposes to select the best parts and combine them into one nine minute record.

Some of these tapes have been recorded from the able commentarionade by the Broadcasting Service announcers, and one is of Her Majesty's speech at the Civic reception, and another of His Royal Highness addressing the Chamber of Commerce.

It seems that there is nothing to step recordings being taken from radio transmissions provided that they are not used for written publication at a later date. Nowever the question of copyright arises in respect to the official commentaries. I am of the opinion that there is no copyright subsisting in these unscripted commentaries. However it is quite possible that my opinion is wrong, and rather that allow my client to go to to the expense of pressing a large order of records and then possibly find that the matter of copyright does arise, I am setting the whole of the proposed transaction before you now. I have heard a tape of the proposed record, and very little use is made of official broadcasting material and the quality of the whole record is excellent.

If there is any question of copyright my client is quite prepared to meet its usual fees and rates of royalties to the department.

In view of the fact that time is an important element in a venture of this sort, I would be pleased to hear from you at the earliest possible data. A copy of this letter has been sent to the Frime Minister department.

Yours faithfully,

Dear Mr Fouhy,

Thank you for letting me see the proposed draft of the Queen's message of farewell to the Governor-General, and also His Excellency's draft reply on behalf of the Government and people of New Zealand.

As, in all probability, I shall not have an opportunity of seeing the Prime Minister before the departure of the Queen, I shall give copies to Mr Sleight, in case he wishes to let Mr Holland know the terms of the messages.

Yours sincerely,

D.E. Fouhy Esq., C.B.E.,
Official Secretary,

Government House, Wellington.

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On behalf of the Government and people of New Zealand I thank Your Majesty for the gracious message sent on your departure.

The visit of Your Majesty and His Royal
Highness will always have a treasured place in
the history of our country and every New Zealander
looks forward to the time when you both may be
able to visit us again.

We wish Your Majesty and His Royal Highness a pleasant journey and a safe and happy return to your family at the conclusion of your Commonwealth tour.

Now that our visit is at an end I should be grateful if you would convey to the Government and to the people of New Zealand my heartfelt thanks and those of my husband for the loval and affectionate welcome which they have given us throughout the length and breadth of the country.

These weeks have been a happy and unforgettable experience and we trust that it may not be too long Released under the before we are able to visit New Zealand once again.

Elizabeth R.

P.M. 18/

15 January 1954

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Yours sincerely,

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D.E. Fouly Esq., C.B.E.,

Official Secretary,

Government House.

Wellington.

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Elizabeth R.

On behalf of the Government and people of New Zealand I thank Your Majesty for the gracious message sent on your departure.

The visit of Your Majesty and His Royal Highness will always have a treasured place in the history of our country and every New Zealander looks forward to the time when you both may be able to visit us again.

We wish Your Majesty and His Royal Highness a pleasant journey and a safe and happy return to your family at the conclusion of your Gommonwealth tour.

PM 151/12/27.

7. Address in Reply - On motion of the Right Honourable Mr Holland, seconded by the Right Honourable Mr Nash, Resolved, nemine contradicente, That the following Address be presented to Her Majesty the Queen in reply to Her Majesty's Speech:

Most Gracious Majesty,

We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Members of the House of Representatives of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our humble thanks for the Speech which Your Majesty has addressed to the House of Representatives.

We wish to express our gratification and deep sense of privilege at the honour which Your Majesty has bestowed upon us in opening this session of the thirtieth Parliament. Your Majesty is assured that we recognize this as an occasion of profound significance in the history of New Zealand.

We rejoice in Your Majesty's visit to our country, and more especially for the opportunity it gives to us, the representatives of the people in Parliament, of paying our loyal homage and heartfelt devotion to Your Majesty in person. We trust that your journey through New Zealand, which is of such rare significance and consuming interest to us, will also prove both agreeable and interesting to Your Majesty and His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh.

We affirm our deep and abiding loyalty to You Majesty, and pray that Your Reign may be a long and happy one, marked by peaceful progress and high achieve ment.

In assuring Your Majesty that our most earnes consideration will be given to the several matters referred to in Your Gracious Speech, we join with Your Majesty in praying for Divine Guidance in all our deliberations.

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M.

On motion of the Right Honourable Mr Holland, To have a seed under the Official Information A Resolved. That Mr Speaker, accompanied by Members of the House, do present the said Address to Her Majesty the Queen at such time as Her Majesty may appoint.

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DRAFT REPLY BY HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN TO ADDRESS IN REPLY

12.1.54

I receive with much pleasure the Address which has been adopted by the House of Representatives in reply to my Speech at the opening of the Fourth Session of the Thirtieth Parliament of New Zealand. Pede ased Independent of the state of the st you for your expressions of loyalty and affection by which I am deeply moved, and for your assurance that the matters to which I referred will receive

The tragic disaster which occurred at Tangiwae on Christmas Eve has cast its shadow over us all, and I have experieced the most profound sadness and grief at the loss suffered by my people on that occasion. My husband and I feel most deeply for you all, and we have shared your sorrow with full hearts. Our sympathy goes out to those who were bereaved by this terrible event, and we pray that they may have courage and faith to

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NOTES FOR QUEEN'S FAREWELL ADDRESS.

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In the last five weeks, we have made a journey through

New Zealand, the memory of which my husband and I shall

cherish in our hearts and minds forever. You welcomed us

in such a way that everywhere we have felt at home, surrounded

by kindliness and warm affection.

Now the time has come for us to say goodbye, which we do with the sadness that attends all partings from those who are dear to us. It is tempered by the hope that we shall be able to return to New Zealand, and by our knowledge that though our Mother Country is far from these shores, we stand together in the brotherhood of one family, and are united in spirit.

We take away with us the impression of a very happy country; and a most beautiful one. We shall remember a land aglow with all the lovely colours of summer; a country of green pastures, noble rivers, and the majesty of high mountains. We shall remember, as a symbol, how the native ferns and bush stand side by side with the familiar trees of Home. We shall remember the clear air, the colour of the hills and the everpresent magic of the sea.

of the progress wrought in this country within a short span of time, and the brilliant promise of high achievement in the years to come. Your energy and efforts are carrying New Zealand forward to great developments, the effect of which will, I know, be felt not only here, but well beyond these shores. It is an inspiration to me to reflect, as I pursue my own task, that the fortunes of the Commonwealth are in such hands as yours

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You have shown us most vividly in these five weeks how firm and strong are the bonds which draw us together in our great fellowship of nations. You have shown us also a most sincere loyalty and affection, for which i than k you from a full heart. These things sustain us as we fulfil the pledge we have given to devote our lives to your service. We shall give our utmost to that service, and Released under the official in the control of the c to be worthy of your trust. God bless you all.

Departuncie Drofti

NOTES FOR PRIME MINISTER'S ADDRESS AT STATE LUNCHEON

Today it is my honour and privilege, on behalf of the Government and people of New Zealand, to offer our loyal and humble duty to Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness. It is a day of high rejoicing for us, and of heartfelt devotion. I am sure that the occasion will live resplendent in the memories of all of us here, as indeed Your Majesty's visit will live in the minds and hearts of all the people throughout these islands.

For us your visit and this day are the culmination of a long hope. We looked forward first to the visit of your revered and beloved parents, Their Majesties King George and Queen Elizabeth; and then subsequently, when His Late Majesty's illness prevented this, our hearts turned in glad expectation to the prospect of Your own visit, approved by His Majesty himself, in his stead. The sad events which prevented the fulfilment of these arrangements are fresh in our minds, and will remain so, for King George's memory is evergreen. But this great sorrow is relieved by Your people's joy at the radiance of Your Own Accession and reign, and by our rejoicing and pride in having the privilege of welcoming Your Majesty and Your Royal Higness in this most loyal part of Your widespread dominions.

Since Your Majesty assumed the Throne, Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness have captured the hearts and affections not only of Your subjects throughout the Commonwealth and Empire, but of countless people in other lands as well. The glory of Your Coronation engendered amongst all Your peoples the deepest feelings of personal loyalty and devotion. to Your Majesty. For those of us who were privileged to be present, that occasion will I know remain the profoundly moving event and spectacle of our lifetimes. I venture to remark that there is at this moment such a flood of loyalty to Your Majesty and Your Royal Highess from all parts of the Commonwealth and Empire as has never been surpassed in its whole history.

This Royal Visit is a landmark in our national life which fills us with pride, inspiration, and encouragement for the future; for it is the first occasion on which a reigning Sovereign has set foot /upon these

upon these shores. We are deeply conscious of the honour thus granted to us, which has seized the imagination and enthusiasm of all New Zealanders. They have responded to it by according to Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness a New Zealand welcome, which demonstrates the intensity of their loyalty and affection.

We look back with gratitude to previous occasions in our history when members of the Royal Family visited New Zealand. The first was 84 years ago, in 1869, when H.R.H. Prince Alfred, the Duke of Edinburgh, landed at Wellington from Her Majesty's Ship "Galatea". According to the records we have, the colonists of the day took the Duke to their hearts, in the same manner as New Zealanders are now welcoming His Royal Highness the present Duke of Edinburgh. In His capacity as a serving officer of Her Majesty's Royal Navy, Prince Alfred visited New Zealand in the "Galatea" on two further occasions in 1870, and we like to think that, apart of course from the requirements of the Service, the warmth of the original welcome was in part responsible for His Royal Highness's subsequent visits.

In 1901 there came to New Zealand Your Majesty's grandparents, then the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, of whom, as King George V and Queen Mary, we cherish the memory of a long and noble reign. They were followed in 1920 by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and in 1927 by Your Majesty's parents Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of York. They were later **Prevented** to preside over the destinies of the Commonwealth in days of peril and hardship, and we pay our tribute to them with reverence and devotion. After them, His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester visited New Zealand in 1934-35, and finally, to crown this brilliant Royal array, New Zealand now for the first time welcomes its Sovereign, Your Majesty, and Your Royal Higness.

These visits by members of the Royal Family have all been great occasions in the life of New Zealand, none more momentous than the present one. Our people have a particularly strong sense of loyalty to the Crown, and the arrival of Royal visitors arouses unbounded enthusiasm and interest in the country, and intense

/demonstrations

demonstrations of popular acclaim. As a rather distant outpost of the Commonwealth and Empire, we are reinforced by such visits, and the imperishable ties which bind us as a member of the Gormonwealth Family are sustained and strengthened. Her Majesty is Queen of New Zealand, as she is of the United Kingdom and of Her other realms and territories, and we have this inspiring opportunity of paying our allegiance to her in our own land.

From such direct contact between our Sovereign and the members of the Commonwealth great good will flow. For I am convinced that we have entered a period of history in which the Commonwealth has the capacity to exercise a most significant, even a decisive, role in international affairs; and all events which reinforce the Commonwealth association will play their part in strengthening that influence. We therefore regard the visit of Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness not only in the light of the immediate great and widespread rejoicing which it has brought to New Zealand, but also with a full appreciation of its significance in the wider context of Commonwealth relations and policy.

We have in the Commonwealth a unique association of states, one of the greatest attributes of which is its extraordinary range and diversity. It includes nations of both East and West, freely united in a single group whose resources and potential are infinite. At the centre we have the centuries-old wisdom of Great Britain, and her incomparable tradition and experience in the conduct of affairs. This store of experience is freely available to all members of the Commonwealth, and can be relied on always as one of the mainsprings of policy in whatever contingency may arise. It enables the Commonwealth to speak with the authority of history and powerful tradition, and to wield a corresponding influence in international affairs.

For us, the Crown is the dominant and focal point of this Commonwealth group, and the brilliant symbol of its association.

As Your Majesty and Your Royal Higness stand on the threshold of Your reign, we feel that we are embarked on an era of high promise,

/in which the

in which the achievements and resources of the Commonwealth will be raised to new levels of greatness. We look to you for guidance and inspiration in the days that lie ahead, firm in the conviction that this brilliant promise will be fulfilled. The hopes of all Your people in New Zealand are directed to this end, that Your Majesty's reign may be long and happy, blessed with days of peace and made glorious by victories of high endeavour; and that Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness may long be preserved to guard and guide our fortunes, for the a the Official Artheory of the Official Released under the Official Released under the Official Release of the Official Releas welfare of the Commonwealth and the benefit of mankind.

STATE LUNCHEON, WELLINGTON.

On behalf of my husband and myself, I thank you all for the way in which you have honoured this toast. I am also grateful to the Prime Hinister, and to the Leader of the Opposition, for their heartening words of welcome and allegiance. I am deeply touched by their kind references to my late beloved Pather, King George VI, and to Queen Elizabeth and ationAct the other members of the Royal Pamily.

The warmth of the welcome we have everywhere received since our arrival in New Zealand has filled our hearts with joy and pride. We shall so remember it for the rest of our days. Wherever we have travelled in this beautiful country, we have been greated with spontaneous enthusiasm and affection, and we have truly been made to feel at home. I know that this, which is one of the strongest impressions I have formed here, will provide a continuing source of inspiration to me in the days to come.

In what we have so far seen of New Zealand, both my husband and I have also been deeply improposed by the way in which, with the aid of science and technical skill, the country's manifold natural resources are being developed. Although we knew well of the scope and advancement of New Zealand industry, both primary and secondary, and of your great development projects, nevertheless, the experience of seeing these things ourselves has far exceeded all our expectations.

The progress which has been achieved in the comparatively short span of New Zealand's history bears witness to the vigour, courage and self-reliance of her people. It stands also as a living monument to your forefathers, to the pioneers, whose labours opened up this new land, and who, in their day, built the foundations of its greatness. Let us pay tribute to their works, which are our heritage and inspiration.

I am sustained in my task by the knowledge that in this loyal country of our great Commonwealth the spirit of enterprise and endeavour shimes forth as brightly as ever it did in those earlier times. I know from what I have seen that by their efforts the people of New Zealand are making a contribution to the life of the Commonwealth which is unsurpassed. The most vivid impression of this adventurous spirit was made on me when, on the eve of my Coronation, I received the tremendous news that one of your sons had climbed to the summit of the highest mountain in the world.

I feel most deeply the significance of your remarks,
Mr. Prime Minister, about the Commonwealth, and its part
in world affairs. I too am certain that it is one of the
great forces for good in the world, and that the arduous
times in which we are living are a challenge to us to
exert that beneficent influence with telling effect.
With a sense of our inter-dependence, which I believe is
shared by every member of the Commonwealth, we shall
fulfil our destiny and throw our full weight into the
scale on the side of peace and freedom.

Upon me has been laid the heavy responsibility of presiding, as their Head, over the fortunes and destinies of this great association of nations and peoples. It is a grave task, and I am as well aware of the duties and responsibilities it entails as I am of the immense trust which my people repose in me. My husband and I are dedicated to your service, and with God's help we are resolved to devote our lives and energy to the advancement of our people throughout the Commonwealth.

This is a rich and lovely land. I have felt that New Zealand is crossing the threshold of a great era and that in the years ahead she will go steadily forward to new heights of achievement. Such are my heartfelt thoughts and prayers. May you continue to seize the opportunities which here have been so richly bestowed; and may you never fail in your determination to seek the paths of peace and Ja January 1954. progress to which your steps are already turned; so that the generations to come will honour your names and this nation, and the British people which gave it birth.

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NOTES FOR QUEEN'S PAREWELL ADDRESS.

In the last five weeks, we have made a journey through
New Zealand, the memory of which my husband and I shall
cherish in our hearts and minds forever. You welcomed us
in such a way that everywhere we have felt at home, surrounded
by kindliness and warm affection.

Now the time has come for us to say goodbye, which we do with the cadness that attends all partings from those who are dear to us. It is tempered by the hope that we shall be able to return to New Zealand, and by our knowledge that though our Mother Country is far from these shores, we stand together in the brotherhood of one family, and are united in spirit.

We take away with us the impression of a very happy country; and a most beautiful one. Se shall remember a land aglow with all the lovely colours of summer; a country of green pastures, moble rivers, and the majesty of high mountains. We shall remember, as a symbol, how the native ferns and bush stand side by side with the familiar trees of Home. We shall remember the clear air, the colour of the hills and the ever-present magic of the sea.

We have also other impressions, equally vivid and lasting, of the progress wrought in this country within a short span of time, and the brilliant promise of high achievement in the years to come. Your energy and efforts are carrying New Zealand forward to great developments, the effect of which will, I know, be falt not only here, but well beyond these shores. It is an inspiration to me to reflect, as I pursue my own task, that the fortunes of the Commonwealth are in such hands as yours.

You have shown us most vividly in these five weeks how firm and strong are the bonds which draw us together in our great fellowship of nations. You have shown us also a most sincere loyalty and affection, for which I than k you from a full heart. These things sustain us as we fulfil the pledge we have given to devote our lives to your service. We shall give our utmost to that service, and Released under the Official to be worthy of your trust, God bless you all.

NOTES FOR QUEEN'S REPLY AT STATE LUNCHEON

On behalf of my husband and myself, I dented to thank
you all for the moving way in which you honoured this toast.

I am also deeply grateful to the Prime Minister, and to the

Leader of the Opposition, for their heartening words of welcome
and allegiance, and their kind references to my beloved parents
and other members of the Royal Family who visited New Ze aland
in the past.

The warmth of the welcome we have everywhere received since our arrival in New Zealand has filled our hearts with joy and pride, and we shall remember it for the rest of our days. Wherever we have travelled in this beautiful country, we have been greeted with spontaneous enthusiasm and affection. We have truly been made to feel at home. I know that this, which is one of the strongest impressions I have formed here, will provide a continuing source of inspiration to me in the days to come.

In what we have so far seen of New Zealand, both my husband and I have also been deeply impressed by the way in which, with the aid of science and technical skill, the country's manifold natural resources are being developed. Although we knew well of the scope and advancement of New Zealand industry, both primary and secondary, and of your great natural development projects, nevertheless, the experience of seeing these things with our own eyes for the first time has surpassed all our expectations.

The progress which has been a chieved in the comparatively short span of New Zealand's history bears witness to the vigour, courage and self-reliance of the New Zealand people. It stands also as a living monument to your forefathers, and the pioneers, whose labours opened up this new land, and who in their day built the foundations of its greatness. Let us pay tribute to their works, which are our heritage and inspiration.

I am sustained in my task by the knowledge that in this loyal country of our great Commonwealth the spirit of enterprise and endeavour shines forth as brightly as ever it did in those earlier times. I know from what I have seen that by their efforts the people of New Zealand are making a contribution to the welfare of our Commonwealth which is unsurpassed. The most vivid impression of this forward spirit was made on me when, on the eve of my Coronation, I received the thrilling news that one of your sons had climbed to the summit of the highest mountain in the world.

I feel most deeply the force of your remarks, Mr Prime
Minister, about the Commonwealth, and its part in world
affairs. I too am certain that it is one of the great forces
for good in the world, and that the timesin which we are living
present a challenging opportunity for us to exert that influence
with telling effect. With a full sense of our interdependence,
which I believe is shared by every member of the Commonwealth,
we shall meet the challenge, and make our contribution to the
maintenance of peace and freedom.

Upon me has been laid the heavy responsibility of presiding, as Queen and Head of the Commonwealth, over the fortunes of this great association of nations and peoples.

It is a grave task for one so young as I am, but The knowledge of theologalty and affection of my people, which in New Zealand you have brought so vividly before me, is one of the main sources of my strength. My husband and I are dedicated to the service of you all, and with God's help we are resolved to devote our whole lives and efforts to the advancement of our people and the Commonwealth.

This is a rich and lovely land. I have felt that, like the Commonwealth itself, it has entered upon an era of great developments, and that in the years ahead it will go steadily

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forward to new, unsurpassed heights of achievement. pray that this will be so, and for my part I will do whatever lies within my power to make it so. My message is that you will continue to seize the opportunities which here have been so richly bestowed, that you will never slacken your determination to move onwards to the goals of peace and progress, which even now lie within your reach; so that the generations to come will, in their turn, honour Released under the Offici your names and this nation, and the Commonwealth which gave

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Honourable Members of the House of Representatives,

It is with deep emotion that I speak to y ., the elected representatives of the people of New Jesland, as your and their Queen, and the Figure 11 for the people of This is the first occasion on which it has been

possible for your Severeign to coon in present a restion in her Zealand. I know how much my father, with his test devotion to his people, would have valued this historic privilege, of which his ill health so tragically deprived him. My constant prayer is that I may in some measure carry on that ideal of service of which he gave so outstanding an example.

As I stand before you in this community, I feel especially conscious of the community of spirit which Our unswicte among the Parliaments of our Townsonwealth

exists among the Parliaments of our Johnsonwealth. This fallows on a people, unused in the bornesson of Common Parliaments, which is the common object of our legality. Inaditions to deals, can fairly lay claim to greatness, T can think of no greatness more worthy of respect than that conceived in the terms of the right of peoples and symbolized by a firm faith in the strength of parliamentar, institutions.

A hundred years ago, when the people of rew Zealand for themselves the right of responsible selfgovernment, it would have required a prophetic imagination to have foreseen the possibility of the present occasion. But in these hundred years New Zealand has attained the maturity of full statehood while the ocean surrounding found has become a main highway in a world which has itself been transformed. I welcome this shrinkage of the world which makes possible the present closeness in personal relations within the Dommonvesth. It will always be my endeavour to take advantage of the opportunities afforded by our age to enter with ever closer sympathy and understanding into the problems and aspirations of my Government and people in New Zealand.

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Unhappily the world has not been able to keep pace morally with the rate of its technical progress. This period demands of us all an unremitting effort to broaden our horizons. I am confident that, with that openness of mind to be expected from a new country, my Government and people in New Zealand will continue to contribute worthily towards the lessening of international tensions and the preservation of world peace.

New Zealand, through her steady progress in matters of social welfare and in the development of her agricultural and other industries, has won international esteem. It is my earnest hope and expectation that this progress will continue and bring increased benefits and richness of living to her people.

I wish to express most sincerely my warm appreciation for the arrangements which my Ministers have made for me.to travel extensively and to meet my subjects in this country.

I pray that the blessing of Almighty God will rest upon your counsels.

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NOTES FOR QUEEN'S FAREUELL ADDRESS

In the last five weeks, we have made a journey through
New Zealand, the memory of which we shall cherish in our
minds forever. You welcomed us in such a way that everywhere
we have felt at home, surrounded by kindliness and warm
affection.

Now the time has come for us to say goodbye, which we do with the sadness that attends all partings from those who are dear to us. It is tempered by the hope that we shall be able to return to New Zealand, and by our knowledge that though our Mother Country is far from these shores, we stand together in the brotherhood of one family, and are united in spirit.

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We take away with us the impression of a very happy country and a most beautiful one. We shall remember a land aglow with all the lovely colours of summer; a country of green pastures, noble rivers, and the majesty of high mountains. We shall remember, as a symbol, how here the native ferns and bush stand side by side with the trees of Home. We shall remember the clear air, and the ever present magic of the sea.

We have also other impressions, equally vivid and lasting, of the progress wrought in this country within a short span of time, and the brilliant promise of high achievement in the years to come. Your energy and efforts are carrying New Zealand forward to great developments, the effect of which will, I know, be felt not only here, but well beyond these shores. It is an inspiration to me to reflect, as I pursue my own task, that the fortunes of the Commonwealth are in such hands as yours.

You have shown us most vividly in these five weeks how firm and strong are the bonds which draw us together in our great fellowship of nations. You have shown us also a most sincere loyalty and affection, for which I thank you from a full heart. These things sustain us as we fulfil the pledge we have given to devote our lives to your service. We shall give our utmost to that service, and to be worthy of your trust. Gold bless you all.

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Sustained by the affection of Southwest of your peoples, we hope also longalty of your peoples, we hope also Rad your Majorty, with the support of was hogal tighners, may am tance of this Royal tighners, may long reign over us as Junean of the Commonwealth.

To Her Most Excellent Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II.

On behalf of the Perliament and people of New Zealand
Your Majesty's Ministers humbly extend to you, their beloved
Queen, and to your Royal Highness a most sincere and certial
welcome. We wish Your Majesty to know of the gratitude felt
by all your loyal subjects in this country at your gracious
decision to visit this the most distant of your realms, and
to undertake as arduous programme of travel in New Zealand.
It is our hope that thes visit will be as enjoyable and memorable
for you as it will be unforgettable for your New Zealand subjects.

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In passing through New Zealand Your Majesty will, we are confident, be left in no doubt of the loyalty which the people of New Zealand bear towards you. That loyalty is the sum of many elements - of admiration for your Majesty's charm and grace and for all that you have done in the performance of your exacting duties; of respect for the Royal Family to which you belong; and of pride in our partnership with the people of the United Kingdom and of the other countries of the British Commonwealth over which Your Majesty presides.

It is our earnest desire and the belief that, strengthened by such opportunities as this process for demonstrating the loyalty of Your Majesty's subjects, and inspired by your leadership, the Commonwealth will prove the lits ability always to stand united. Your Majesty's New Zealand subjects and the loyal peoples of the New Zealand Island Territories hope that from this visit Your Majesty may gain complete assurance of our devotion, and

affection. We hope for that strengthened by that assurance, upon which your Majorn can ally now and in the years to come and assisted always by his Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh

the other members of the Royal Family, you may long reign ever us.

Released under the Official Information Act

From: THE TIMES, Monday, November 12 1951

PRINCESS ELIZABETH FAREWELL BROADCAST

NEWFOUNDLAND 11/11/'51

For five weeks we have travelled through this vast and splendid land of Canada, and now we have come once more to the Atlantic. To-morrow we shall sail for England, and the moment has come when I must say "goodbye for a time and thank you." It is not easy for me to say either of these things. It is not easy to say goodbye because, although I am going to a country which is my first home, and although I am happy to be returning to my family and my children, I am also leaving a country which has become a second home in every sense. Wherever we have been throughout the 10 provinces, in your great cities, in your towns, in your villages, and, indeed, in almost every mile that we have travelled through fields, forests, prairies, and mountains, we have been welcomed with a warmth of heart that has made us feel how truly we belong to Canada.

Nor is it easy to say "Thank you," because no words of mine can express what I would like to tell you. We have seen and heard so much that has moved our imaginations and touched our hearts. We shall take with us memories that will always draw us back to this country, the towering buildings of your big cities, and the charm of your smaller communities, the blue skies and golden colours of autumn - or "the fall," as I have now learned to call it - and the trees and fields beneath the first snow of winter - all the beauty and majesty of Canada.

I thank you for showing me these things, and I am grateful for the glimpse you have given me of the greatess of this nation and the even greater future which is within its grasp. I have seen this future in the eyes of hundreds of thousands of your children and have heard it in their voices. For as long as I live I shall remember and cherish fondly the greetings which came to us each day from those young people. I pray that their lot in this land will always continue to be a happy one.

DEEPER MEANING.

am well aware that the acclaim you have given us, which has often seemed to me to have the breadth and immensity of the sea, has had a far deeper meaning in it than a personal welcome, and this has often made me think of the words spoken by the Governor General in Ottawa during the first days of He said then that the link with the Crown was a our visit. thing of real tangible strength and one of the most important factors in uniting the people of the Commonwealth anto one great brotherhood. You have shown me the reality of this, and I thank you for it. Destiny has given me the great privilege of being able to live my life for the service of that brotherhood. In these five weeks you have given me a new strength and inspiration which I know will always help For that I am deeply grateful, and say, me in the future. not goodbye, but au revoir.

22 December 1953

Dear Ken,

We have had the speech retyped to include three additional paragraphs towards the end. These paragraphs cover the reference to the Maoris, the Islands people and the amendment to the Judicature Act. The paragraphs have been inserted at the only possible places.

Mr Webb, whom I consulted about the amendment, suggested some slight verbal alterations in the old penultimate paragraph. For "warm appreciation for the arrangements which my Ministers have made", he suggests "warm appreciation of the arrangements which have been made". He suggests the omission of the phrase "my Ministers" for reasons of tact, and he thinks the phrase "appreciation of" is better than "appreciation for". These amendments have been made in the revised copy.

In order to make Mr Webb's paragraph fit in more appropriately with the style of the speech as a whole, we have made some slight alterations in the wording. If the Prime Minister prefers Mr Webb's draft you will find it attached to this note.

I should point out that we have considered it advisable to use the formula "my Ministers, etc." in this context in order to indicate that the legislation originates with the Government and not with the Grown. This is in accordance with traditional practice in speeches from the Throne.

Yours sincerely,

Encl.

Speech notes,

K.M. Sleight Esq., C.B.E., Private Secretary to the Prime Minister, Grand Hotel, AUCKLAND.

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT, WELLINGTON

Honourable Members of the House of Representatives,

It is with deep feeling that I speak to you, the elected representatives of the people of New Zealand, as your Queen, and that I exercise the prerogative of opening the fourth session of this thirtieth Parliament.

This is the first occasion on which it has been possible for your Sovereign to exercise this high function in person in New Zealand. I know how much my Father, with his intense devotion to his people, would have valued this historic privilege, of which his ill health so tragically deprived him. My constant prayer is that I may, in some measure, carry on that ideal of service of which he gave so outstanding an example.

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In taking my place in this Assembly, I feel especially conscious of the community of spirit which exists among the Parliaments of our Commonwealth. Our association of nations and peoples, united in the possession of common traditions and ideals, can fairly lay claim to greatness; and I can think of no greatness more worthy of respect than that symbolized by a firm faith in the strength of parliamentary institutions and the rights of man.

A hundred years ago, when the people of New Zealand gained for themselves the right of responsible self-government, it would have required a prophetic imagination to have foreseen the possibility of the present occasion. But in these hundred years New Zealand has grown to be a sovereign and mature State, while the ocean surrounding these bountiful islands has become a main highway in a world which has itself been transformed. I welcome the ease with which, in these times, it is possible to travel from one part of the Commonwealth to another. It will always be my endeavour to take advantage of the opportunities afforded by our age to enter with ever closer sympathy and understanding into the problems and aspirations of my Government and people in New Zealand.

Though the world is making such rapid technical progress it has not - unhappily - been able to keep pace in the study and practice of the arts of peace. Nevertheless I am confident that, with that openness of mind to be expected from a new country, my Government and people in New Zealand will continue to contribute worthily towards the lessening of international tensions and the preservation of concord amongst the nations.

In the firm partnership of European and Maori peoples, for which New Zealand is justly renowned, you have set a high example. I have been deeply moved by the fervent expressions of loyalty and enthusiasm conveyed to me by the Maori people, for whom I cherish the highest respect and affection; and I am proud to see how my subjects of both races in this country are moving forward in unity together, each determined to make their full contribution to the progress and advancement of New Zealand.

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I am also proud of the way in which my Government and people of New Zealand are discharging their trust in promoting the well-being of the peoples of the Pacific islands under their administration. I regret that it was not possible for me on this journey to visit these Island Territories; but their people know that I have the closest interest in their welfare and they are assured of my wholehearted affection.

New Zealand, through her steady progress in matters of social welfare and in the development of her agricultural and other industries, has won international esteem. It is my earnest hope and expectation that this progress will continue, and bring increased benefits and prosperity to her people.

My Ministers have deemed it advisable to introduce at this session of Parliament a Eill to amend the Judicature Act. This amendment, by providing for an alteration in the constitution of the two divisions of the Court of Appeal, will make for greater efficiency in the despatch of Court business.

The passage of this measure at the present Session of Parliament will enable it to be brought into effect in time for the first sittings of the Court of Appeal in the current year.

I wish to express most sincerely my warm appreciation of the arrangements which have been made for me to travel extensively and to meet my subjects in this country.

Seleased my Vest about the Official Information we I pray that the blessing of Almighty God will rest upon your counsels.

Honourable Members of the House of Representatives,-

It is with deep emotion that I speak to you, the elected representatives of the people of New Zealand, as your Queen, and that I exercise the prerogative of opening the fourth session of this thirtieth Parliament.

I am profoundly sensible of the fact that this is the first occasion on which it has been possible for your Sovereign to exercise this high function in person in New Zealand. I know how much my father, with his intense devotion to his people, would have valued this historic privilege, of which his ill health so tragically deprived him. My constant prayer is that I may, in some measure, carry on that ideal of service of which he gave so outstanding an example.

In taking my place in this Assembly, I feel especially conscious of the community of spirit which exists among the Parliaments of our Commonwealth. Our unique association of nations and peoples, united in the possession of common traditions and ideals, can fairly lay claim to greatness; and I can think of no greatness more worthy of respect than that conceived in the terms of the right of peoples and symbolized by a firm faith in the strength of parliamentary institutions.

A hundred years ago, when the people of New Zealand gained for themselves the right of responsible self-government, it would have required a prophetic imagination to have foreseen the possibility of the present occasion. But in these hundred years New Zealand has attained the maturity of full statehood, while the ocean surrounding these bountiful islands has become a main highway in a world which has itself been transformed. I welcome the shrinkage of the world, which makes possible the present closeness in personal relations within the Commonwealth. It will always be my endeavour to take advantage of the opportunities afforded by our age to enter with ever closer sympathy and understanding into the problems and aspirations of my Government and people in New Zealand.

Unhappily the world has not been able to keep pace morally with the rate of its technical progress. This period demands of us all an unremitting effort to broaden our horizons. I am confident that, with that openness of mind to be expected from a new country, my Government and people in New Zealand will continue to contribute worthily towards the lessening of international tensions and the preservation of world peace.

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I wish to express most sincerely my warm appreciation for the arrangements (which my Ministers) have made for me to travel extensively and to meet my subjects in this country.

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On behalf of the Government and people of New Zealand
Your Majesty's Ministers humbly extend to you, their beloved
Queen, and to Your Royal Highmess a most sincere and heartfelt welcome. We wish Your Majesty to know of the gratitude
felt by all your loyal subjects in this country at Your
Majesty's gracious decision to visit this the most distant
of your realms, and to undertake so arduous a programme of
travel in New Zealand. It is our hope that this journey
will be as enjoyable and memorable for Your Majesty as it
will be unforgettable for your New Zealand subjects.

In passing through New Zealand Your Majesty will, we are confident, be left in no doubt of the deep loyalty and affection which the people of New Zealand bear towards you. That loyalty is the sum of many elements - of admiration for Your Majesty's charm and grace and for all that you have done in the performance of your exacting duties; of respect for the Royal Family to which you belong; and of pride in our partnership with the people of the United Kingdom and of the other countries of the British Commonwealth over which Your Majesty reigns.

It is our earnest desire and belief that, strengthened by such opportunities as this for demonstrating the loyalty of Your Majesty's subjects, and inspired by your leadership, the Commonwealth will prove its ability always to stand united. Your Majesty's New Zealand subjects and the loyal peoples of the New Zealand Island Territories trust that from this visit Your Majesty may gain complete assurance of our devotion. We hope that you may be strengthened by that assurance, upon which Your Majesty can rely now and in the years to come. Sustained by the affection and loyalty of your peoples, we hope also that Your Majesty, with the support and assistance of His Royal Highness, may long

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reign over us as Queen and Head of the Commonwealth.

Released under the Official Information Act

Your Excellency and Mr Prime Minister.

The declaration you have just made and the warmth and sincerity of your welcome to us today have confirmed what I have always believed - that the loyal feelings of the people of New Zealand remain undiminished by distance and the passage of time.

Though this is my first visit to New Zealand, I have the impression that I know it well and I know that here I shall feel at home. My parents spoke often of the kindness and boundless hospitality shown them when they visited this country over twenty-five years ago and for a long time past I have hoped for the opportunity to come here myself.

There is a measure of sadness in the circumstances which surround my visit. My father would have come here in 1939 had it not been for the outbreak of war, and he was prevented again from coming by his illness in 1948.

I have inherited the duties and responsibilities which he bore with such courage and I am heartened by the fact that I have also inherited the loyalty of his peoples all over the world. I shall always endeavour to retain and deserve that loyalty.

I have been deeply affected today by your expression of hope that our visit may serve to strengthen the ties which bind the countries of the British Commonwealth and that I may draw strength for the performance of my duties from the devotion of my subjects in New Zealand. I share that hope with all my heart and I thank you and the people of New Zealand for giving it to me.

HOTES FOR QUEEN'S REPLY AT STATE LUNCHEON

On behalf of my husband and myself, I thank you all for the moving way in which you honoured this toast. I am also deeply grateful to the Prime Minister, and to the Leader of the Opposition, for their heartening words of welcome and allegiance. I am deeply touched by their kind references to my late beloved father, His Majesty King George VI, and to the Queen Mother and other members of the Royal Family who visited New Zealand in the past.

The warmth of the welcome we have everywhere received since our arrival in New Zealand has filled our hearts with joy and pride. We shall so remember it for the rest of our days. Wherever we have travelled in this beautiful country, we have been greeted with spontaneous enthusiasm and affection. We have truly been made to feel at home. I know that this, which is one of the strongest impressions I have formed here, will provide a continuing source of inspiration to me in the days to come.

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In what we have so far seen of New Zealand, both
my husband and I have also been deeply impressed by the
way in which, with the aid of science and technical skill,
the country's manifold natural resources are being developed.
Although we knew well of the scope and advancement of
New Zealand industry, both primary and secondary, and of
your great development projects, nevertheless, the
experience of seeing these things ourselves for the
first time has surpassed all our expectations.

The progress which has been achieved in the comparatively short span of New Zealand's history bears witness to the vigour, courage and self-reliance of the New Zealand people. It stands also as a living monument to your forefathers, and the pioneers, whose labours opened up this new land, and who, in their day, built the foundations of its greatness. Let us pay tribute to their works, which are our horitage and inspiration.

I am sustained in my task by the knowledge that in this loyal country of our great Commonwealth the spirit of enterprise and endeavour shines forth as brightly as ever it did in those earlier times. I know from what I have seen that by their efforts the people of New Zealand are making a contribution to the welfare of our Commonwealth which is unsurpassed. The most vivid impression of this forward spirit was made on me when, on the eve of my Coronation, I received the thrilling news that one of your sons had climbed to the summit of the highest mountain in the world.

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Mr Prime Minister, about the Commonwealth, and its part
in world affairs. I too am certain that it is one of
the great forces for good in the world, and that the
arduous and difficult times in which we are living present
a challenging opportunity for us to exert that beneficent
influence with telling effect. With a full sense of our
interdependence, which I believe is shared by every
member of the Commonwealth, we shall meet the challenge,
and contribute, as we have done over the centuries, to
the maintenance of peace and freedom.

Upon me has been laid the heavy responsibility of presiding, as Queen and Head of the Commonwealth, over the fortunes and destinies of this great association of nations and peoples. It is a grave task, and I am as deeply conscious of the duties and responsibilities it imposes as I am of the immense trust which my people repose in me. The knowledge of their loyalty and affection, which in New Zealand you have brought so vividly before me, is indeed one of the main sources of my strength. My husband and I are dedicated to the service of you all, and with God's help we are resolved to devote our whole lives and 'efforts

efforts to the advancement of our people and the Gommonwealth.

This is a rich and levely land. I have felt that, like the Commonwealth itself, it has entered upon an era of great developments, and that in the years shead it will go steadily forward to new, unsurpassed heights of achievement. I pray that this will be so, and for my part I will do whatever lies within my power to make it so. My message is that you will continue to seize the opportunities which here have been so richly bestowed; and that you will never diminish your determination to move onwards to the goals of peace and progress, which even now lie within your reach; so that the generations to come will, in their turn, honour your names and this nation, and the British people which gave it birth. Releasedur



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PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE, WELLINGTON.

5 January 1954

Dear Ken,

Enclosed are two further pulls of the Speech from the Throne reset to provide less type per page in accordance with our telephone conversation of this morning. Would you please note that the size of paper on which these pulls have been made is the same size as the parchment which will be used for the final version.

It would be appreciated if you could indicate approval of this layout before Friday as the Printer, for staff reasons, wishes to be able to proceed with the final printing on that day.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

Enclosure:
Two pulls of Speech
from the Throne.

K.M. Sleight, Esq., Chief Private Secretary to the Prime Minister.

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HONOURABLE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,—

It is with deep feeling that I speak to you, the elected representatives of the people of New Zealand, as your Queen, and that I exercise the prerogative of opening the fourth session of this thirtieth Parliament.

This is the first occasion on which it has been possible for your Sovereign to exercise this high function in person in New Zealand. I know how much my father, with his intense devotion to his people, would have valued this historic privilege, of which his ill health so tragically deprived him. My constant prayer is that I may, in some measure, carry on that ideal of service of which he gave so outstanding an example.

In taking my place in this Assembly, I feel especially conscious of the community of spirit which exists among the Parliaments of our Commonwealth. Our association of nations and peoples, united in the possession of common traditions and ideals, can fairly lay claim to greatness; and I can think of no greatness more worthy of respect than that symbolized by a firm faith in the strength of parliamentary institutions and the rights of man.

A hundred years ago, when the people of New Zealand gained for themselves the right of responsible self-government, it would have required a prophetic imagination to have foreseen the possibility of the present occasion. But in these hundred years New Zealand has grown to be a sovereign and mature State, while the ocean surrounding these bountiful islands has become a main highway in a world which has itself been transformed. I welcome the ease with which, in these times, it is possible to travel from one part of the Commonwealth to another. It will always be my endeavour to take advantage of the opportunities afforded by our age to enter with ever closer sympathy and understanding into the problems and aspirations of my Government and people in New Zealand.

Though the world is making such rapid technical progress it has not—unhappily—been able to keep pace in the study and practice of the arts of peace. Nevertheless I am confident that, with that openness of mind to be expected from a new country, my Government and people in New Zealand will continue to contribute worthily towards the lessening of international tensions and the preservation of concord amongst the nations.

In the firm partnership of European and Maori peoples, for which New Zealand is justly renowned, you have set a high example. I have been deeply moved by the fervent expressions of loyalty and enthusiasm conveyed to me by the Maori people, for whom I cherish the highest respect and affection; and I am proud to see how my subjects of both races in this country are moving forward in unity together, each determined to make their full contribution to the progress and advancement of New Zealand.

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HONOURABLE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,—

It is with deep feeling that I speak to you, the elected representatives of the people of New Zealand, as your Queen, and that I exercise the prerogative of opening the fourth session of this thirtieth Parliament.

This is the first occasion on which it has been possible for your Sovereign to exercise this high function in person in New Zealand. I know how much my father, with his intense devotion to his people, would have valued this historic privilege, of which his ill health so tragically deprived him. My constant prayer is that I may, in some measure, carry on that ideal of service of which he gave so outstanding an example.

In taking my place in this Assembly, I feel especially conscious of the community of spirit which exists among the Parliaments of our Commonwealth. Our association of nations and peoples, united in the possession of common traditions and ideals, can fairly lay claim to greatness; and I can think of no greatness more worthy of respect than that symbolized by a firm faith in the strength of parliamentary institutions and the rights of man.

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the official Information Act Enclosed are two further pulls of the Speech from the Throne reset to provide less type per page in accordance with our telephone conversation of this morning. Would you please note that the size of paper on which these pulls have been made is the same size as the parchment which will be used for the final version.

It would be appreciated if you could indicate approval of this layout before Friday as the Printer, for staff reasons, wishes to be able to proceed with the final printing on that day.

With kind regards.

Yours sincerely,

Enclosure: Two pulls of Speech from the Throne.

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OPENING OF PARLIAMENT, WELLINGTON

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PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE, WELLINGTON.

22 December 1953

Dear Ken,

We have had the speech retyped to include three additional paragraphs towards the end. These paragraphs cover the reference to the Maoris, the Islands people and the amendment to the Judicature Act. The paragraphs have been inserted at the only possible places.

Mr Webb, whom I consulted about the amendments suggested some slight verbal alterations in the old penultimate paragraph. For "warm appreciation for the arrangements which my Ministers have made", he suggests "warm appreciation of the arrangements which have been made". It was the suggests the omission of the phrase "my Ministers" for reasons of tact, and he thinks the phrase "appreciation of" is better than "appreciation for". These amendments have been made in the revised copy.

In order to make Mr webb's paragraph fit in more appropriately with the style of the speech as a whole, we have made some slight alterations in the wording. If the Prime Minister prefers Mr webb's draft you will find it attached to this note.

I should point out that we have considered it advisable to use the formula "my Ministers, etc." in this context in order to indicate that the legislation originates with the Government and not with the Crown. This is in accordance with traditional practice in speeches from the Throne.

Yours sincerely,

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Encl.

Speech notes.

K.M. Sleight Esq., C.B.E.,
Private Secretary to the
 Prime Minister,
Grand Hotel,
AUCKLAND.

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During this special Session, you will be asked to consider a Bill to amend the Judicature Act. This amendment, by providing for an alteration in the constitution the two divisions of the Court of Appeal, will make for greater efficiency in the despatch of Court busings. Advantage is being taken of this opportunity to have the measure passed in time to be available for the first sittings of the Court of

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P.M. 63/2/1

17 December 1953

My dear High Commissioner,

Thank you for your letter of 19 November.

I was very interested to hear that Sir John Harding had found his visit to New Zealand so pleasant. We were certainly impressed with him and I think derived considerable value from our discussions.

You were quite right in cabling "Truth" I must say that I am quite unable to fathom the report that they published.

Out of scope

Copy on 32/932

. Your former Secretary, Richard Taylor, is back in New Zealand and it is our intention to get him into my office to assist Ken Sleight. On account of the Royal Tour, there does not seem to be any point in making this arrangement until the end of January. Meanwhile, McIntosh is using Taylor's services in External Affairs.

It so happens that the Royal Tour arrangements are being handled by the existing staff and I doubt if it will be necessary to call on Richard Taylor's services in this connection.

Thope your health continues to improve.

Kind regards to Lady Doidge and yourself.

Yours sincerely,

(Sgd.) S. G. HOLLAND

His Excellency Sir Frederick Doidge, K.C.M.G., High Commissioner for New Zealand, LONDON.

17th December, 1953.

MEMORANDUM for

The Attorney-General

Referring to your memorandum of 15th December about the Court of Appeal, I entirely agree with your proposal.

Would you please undertake the necessary arrangements. These will necessitate the drafting of the Bill; appropriate addition to the Queen's Speech. about which I would be glad if you would see Mr. McIntosh; some probable amendments to the schedule of events surrounding the special Session, which is being prepared by Mr. Speaker; contact with Mr. Harper of the Royal Tour Office; the provision of a Message from Her Majesty introducing the Bill; the necessary steps to have the legislation passed through all its stages; the concurrence of the Leader of the Opposition that the Bill will not be held up; the Royal Assent; etc. etc. leased hugek

MR. MCINTOSH

HON MR SPEAKER

MR HARPER

Referred.



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S.S. GOTHIC,

At sea, Panama-Fiji.

7th December 1953.

My dear Sleight.

As you probably know the New Zealand Government has provided us with drafts for all the Addresses, which The Queen will make while she is in New Zealand, and Her Majesty has been working on these while crossing the Pacific.

The two most important speeches she will make are those at the Opening of Parliament and the State Luncheon. The Queen has made considerable alterations in the wording of the drafts of these speeches, although I think that there is really no alteration in the meaning or the spirit.

I am, therefore, sending copies of the final draft to you, in case there is anything in either of them on which Mr. Holland wishes to comment before they are delivered.

Yours sincerely,

Michael adame

K.M. Sleight Esq.

REGISTERED

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT, WELLINGTON

Honourable Members of the House of Representatives,

It is with deep feeling that I speak to you, the elected representatives of the people of New Zealand, as your Queen, and that I exercise the prerogative of opening the fourth session of this thirtieth Parliament.

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12th January 1954,

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Released under the Official Information 12th I pray that the blessing of Almighty God will rest upon

12th January 1954.

HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR NEW ZEALAND. RECEIVED.



P.M. 151

NEW ZEALAND GOVERNMENT 415,STRAND,

LONDON, W.C.2.

Copyon extractor 19 November 1953.

My dear Prime Minister,

On Friday I had a visit from Sir John Harding. purpose of the Field Marshal's call was to express appreciation of your hospitality. His visit to this Office, intended as a courtesy call, lasted forty minutes. Sir John's admiration for New Zealand and its people is boundless, and he is deeply grateful for the manner in which he was received. I may add that one of his happiest memories seems to be of the private luncheon with you and Members of the Cabinet in your room.

I am a little puzzled by recent cables from you concerning a story published by "Truth" concerning the Queen's broadcast. I sent a message to Webber - and a copy to you - under the impression that that would be your wish. But we do not see "Truth" in this Office, and I am at a loss to know what it was all about. My only concern is that I should have done the right thing in cabling Webber.

zeleased under the You will be glad when the Session ends. I trust you are arranging for a short rest before the Queen arrives. .

Yours sincerely,

The Rt. Hon. S. G. Holland, C.H., M.P.,

Wellington, New Zealand.

Frus. Dordge

25662 (Please refund Rus bard External Affairs DRAFT SPEECH BY HER MAJESTY THE JUSEN AT

امريني المارية Honourable members of the House of Representatives المارية Honourable members of the House of Representatives

It is with deep emotion that I speak to you, the elected representatives of the people of New Zealana, as your queen, and that I exercise the prerogative of opening the fourth session of this thirtieth Parliament.

I am profoundly sensible of the fact that this is the first occasion on which it has been possible for your Sovereign to exercise this high function in person in New Zealand. I know how much my father, with his intense devotion to his people, would have valued this historic privilege, of which his ill health so tragically deprived him. My constant prayer is that I may, in some measure, carry on that ideal of service of which he gave so outstanding an example.

In taking my place in this Assembly T. C.

In taking my place in this Assembly, I feel especially conscious of the community of spirit which exists among the Parliaments of our Commonwealth. Our unique association of nations and peoples, united in the possession of common traditions and ideals, can fairly lay claim to greatness; and I can think of no greatness more worthy of respect than that conceived in the terms of the right of peoples and symbolized by a firm faith in the strength of parliamentary institutions.

A hundred years ago, when the people of New Zealand gained for themselves the right of responsible self-government, it would have required a prophetic ima ination to have foreseen the possibility of the present occasion. But in these hundred years New Zealand has actained the maturity of full statehood, while the ocean surrounding these bountiful islands has become a main highway in a world which has itself been transformed. I welcome the shrinkage of the world, which makes possible the present closeness in personal relations within the Commonwealth. It will always be my endeavour to take advantage of the opportunities afforded by our age to enter with ever closer sympathy and

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understanding into the problems and aspirations of my Government and people in New Zealand.

Unhappily the world has not been able to keep pace morally with the rate of its technical progress. This period demands of us all as unremitting effort to broaden our horizons. I am confident that, with that openness of mind to be expected from a new country, my Government and people in New Zealand will continue to contribute worthily towards the lessening of international tensions and the preservation of world peace.

New Zealand, through her steady progress in matters of social welfare and in the development of her agricultural and other industries, has won international esteem. It is my earnest hope and expectation that this progress will continue, and bring increased benefits and richness of living to her people.

I wish to express most sincerely my warm appreciation for the arrangements which my Ministers have made for me to travel extensively and to meet my subjects in this country.

I pray that the blessing of Almighty God will rest upon your counsels.

DRAFT REPLY BY HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN TO ADDRESS IN REPM

I receive with much pleasure the Address which has been adopted by the House of Representatives in reply to my Speech at the opening of the Fourth Session of the Thirtieth Parliament of New Zealand. you for your expressions of loyalty and affection by which I am deeply moved, and for your assurance that the matters to which I referred will receive your consideration. by which I am deeply moved, and for your assurance

Deshaldred to MO'Dea, Royal Tam Sec 15712

DRAFT ADDRESS IN REPLY

May it Please your Majesty,

We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Members of the House of Representatives of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our humble thanks for the Speech which Your Majesty has addressed to the House of Representatives.

We wish to express our gratification and deep sense of privilege at the honour which Your Majesty has bestowed upon us in opening this session of the thirtieth Parliament. Your Majesty is assured that we recognize this as an occasion of profound significance in the history of New Zealand.

We rejoice in Your Majesty's visit to our country, and more especially for the opportunity it gives to us, the representatives of the people, in Parliament of paying our loyal homage and heartfelt devotion to Your Majesty in person. We trust that your journey through New Zealand, which is of such rare significance and consuming interest to us, will also prove both agreeable and interesting to Your Majesty and His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh.

We affirm our deep and abiding loyalty to Your Majesty, and pray that Your Reign may be a long and happy one, marked by peaceful progress and high achievement.

In assuring Your Majesty that our most earnest consideration will be given to the several matters referred to in Your Gracious Speech we join with Your Majesty in praying for Divine Guidance in all our deliberations. May it Please Your Majesty,

the House of Representatives of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our thanks to Your Majesty for the Speech which Your Majesty has addressed to the House of Representatives.

We wish to express our gratification and deep sense of privilege at the honour which Your Majesty has bestowed upon us in opening this session of the thirtieth Parliament. Your Majesty is assured that we recognize this as an occasion of profound significance in the history of New Zealend.

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more especially for we rejoice in Your Majesty's visit to our country, and the specially for paying our loyal perfectly of paying our loyal perfectly.

homage and heartfelt devotion to Your Majesty in person.

We hope that Your Majesty and His Reyal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh will find your journey through New Zealand both agreeable and interesting.

We affirm our deep loyalty to Your Majesty, and pray that Your Reign may be a long and happy one, marked by peaceful progress and high achievement.

In assuring Your Majesty that our most earnest consideration will be given to the several matters referred to in Your Gracious Speech we join with Your Majesty in praying for Divine Guidance in all our deliberations.

We hust that your journey through N2, which to of such rare arguificance and consuming interest to us, will also prove both agreeable and where thing to your majerty and HRH we take of thinburgh.

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INWARD TELEGRAM

[This document is the property of Her Majesty's Government in New Zealand]

12-127

FROM: High Commissioner for New Zeulund, London

TO: Minister of External Affairs, Wellington, No. 1295

DATED: 10 November 1953 R. 11 November 1953 18.12 09.30

No.1295.

Following for Prime Minister from Doidge.

Your No. 1196,

I have cabled Webber my personal assurance New Zealand House has never at any time made any approach to Buckingham Palace re Her Majesty's broadcast.

(Signed) DEPUTY

(E. 7188)

Prime Minister Chief Private Secretary Prime Minister's Dept.

11.11.53

Ŕ,

10 November 1953

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MEMORANDUM for:

The Secretary for Internal Affairs, Wellington, C.l.

I enclose three copies each of speeches and addresses you requested for the Royal Tour. These are -

The Address of Welcome and
The Draft Reply,
The Prime Minister's speech on the occasion
of the lunch and
Her Majesty's Draft Reply,
The Draft speech for the Opening of Parliament,
The draft Farewell Address by the Queen.

The Prime Minister's speech on the occasion of the luncheon is Mr Holland's own draft and he may, perhaps, alter it somewhat, but I should think its general tenor will remain the same.

It is my understanding that the Internal Affairs Department is taking all necessary action to ensure that these drafts reach the Queen's party before they leave the United Kingdom and that you are also taking whatever steps are necessary to lace the drafts before Her Majesty in New Zealand.

I also understand that your Department is taking in hand the engrossing of the Government's message of welcome and the provision of a suitable casket for its presentation.

DESPATMED

Encl.

Drafts for Royal Tour as listed above.

(Spd.) Sold, Halletter

Permanent Head.

Your Excellency and Mr Prime Minister.

The dealeration you have just made and the warmth and eincerity of your volcome to us today have confirmed what I have always believed - that the loyal feelings of the people of New Zealand remain undiminished by distance and the passage of time.

have the imprecation that I know it wall end; know that here I shall feel at home. By perents spoke often of the kindness and boundless hospitality about them when they visited this country over twenty-five years ago and for a long time past I have kepet for the opportunity to come here myself.

There is a measure of sedness in the circumstances which surround by viet. By father would have come here in 1939 had it not been for the outbreak of var, and he was prevented outin from coming by his fillness in 1948.

i have inherited the duties and responsibilities which he bers with such courage and I am heartened by the fact that I have also inherited the levalty of his peoples all van the world. I shall always endeavour to retain and deserve that levalty.

I have been deeply effected today by your expression of hope that our visit may serve to strengthen the ties which bind the countries of the Dritich Corresponds and that I may draw strength for the performance of my duties from the devotion of my subjects in New Scalend. I chare that hope with all my heart and I thank you and the people of New Zealend for giving it to me.

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Alegan si alean

To Her Bost Reellent Hojesty, ucen limbeth II.

On behalf of the Government and people of New Mosland Mour Majesty's Ministers humbly extend to you, their beloved succes, and to Your Moyal Mighness a most sincere and heart-felt welcome. We wish Your Majesty to know of the gratitude felt by all your loyal subjects in this country at Your Majesty's gracious decision to visit this the most distant of your reasons, and to undertake so reduces a programme of travel in New Mesland. It is our hope that this journey will be as cajoyable and me weakle for Your Majesty as it will be unforgettable for your New Mesland subjects.

In possing through Now Wesland Your Dejesty will, we are confident, be left in no doubt of the deep loyalty and affection which the people of New Lealand bear towards you. That loyalty is the sum of many elements - of admiration for Your Dajesty's charm and grace and for all that you have done in the performance of your exacting duties; of respect for the woyal Family to which you belong; and of period in our partnership with the people of the United Lingdom and of the other countries of the British Corresponds the and empire over which four Rejecty reigns.

by such opportunities as this fee descentrating the layelty of Your lajesty's subjects, and implied by your leadership and example, the derivative like fee Boaland subjects and the layer peoples of the law Scaland Island Territories trust that from this visit four Enjesty may main complete assurance of our devotion. To hope that you may be strengthened by that assurance, from which There Enjesty can rely now and in the years to gone. The har injusty can rely now and in the years to gone. The har injusty can rely now and in the years to gone, There also that Your Enjesty, with the support and assistance of his Boyal addings, may long reign over us an income and Hoad of the Jon paywealth.

DOAPS ABBUT TO SEE THE SECOND OF THE SECOND

Ch behalf of my husband and myself, I thank you all for the moving way in which you honoured this teast.

I am also deeply grateful to the Prime Edulator, and to the Leader of the Opposition, for their heartening words of release and allegiance.

I am deeply touched by their least references to my late beloved father, his Especial Lind references to my late beloved father, his Especial Lind Regard Family.

The warmth of the velegae we have everywhere received since our arrival in her Scalend has filled our hearts with for end price. We shall so remember it for the rest of our days. Therewer we have brevelled in this beautiful country, we have been greated with spentaneous enthusions and affordion. We have truly been made to feel at home. I know that this, which is one of the strangest impressions I have formed here, will provide a continuing source of inspiration to me in the days to one.

In that we have so for soon of New Zooland, both my husband and I have also been dooply imprecsed by the way in chick, with the sid of edience and technical skill, the coency of severages are being developed. Minough we know well of the scope and advancement of New Zooland industry, both primary and secondary, and of your great development projects, according to first time has surpassed all our appetitudes.

The progress which has been adhieved in the comparatively short open of Now Scaland's history bears witness to the vigour, courage and self-reliance of the Now Scaland people.

It stands also as a living monament to your forefathers, and the piguess, whose labours spend to this new land, and whe.

in their day, built the foundations of its greatness.

Let us pay tribute to their works, which are our heritage and inspiration.

is an sustained in my took by the browledge that
in this loyal country of our great demand with the
spirit or enterprise and endeavour whines forth as
brightly as ever it did in those carlier times. I made
irom what I have seen that by their afforts the people
of New Mediana are making a contribution to the well-bro
of our Commonwealt, which is unsurpassed. The most wivid
i president of this research spirit was made on in them,
on the eve of my Commontion, I received the Unrilling
news that one of your mans had disabed to the swrift of
the highest mountain in the world.

I feel most cooply the force of your rearries,
in Frime hardeter, about the Jornanwealth.

I feel most cooply the lorse of your country, and the part in world affairs. I too on certain that it is one of the great forces for go d in the world, and that the ardious and difficult times in which we are living present a challenging opportunity for no to exert the beneficiant influence with telling effect. Ithe full sense of our interdependence, which I believe to should be every member of the Josephanesita, we shall meet the dislicate, and contribute, as we have done over the centuries, to the maintenance of Josephane Trackor.

preciding, as them had the hear responsibility of preciding, as then hear and contact of the ear annealth, over the fortunes and lestinice of this great association of nations and peoples. It is a grave task, and I shall deeply constitue of the duties and responsibilities it imposes at I om of the immose trust which my people repore in me. The interledge of their loyalty and all ection, which in tow 2 classions have brought so vividly before me, it indeed one of the main courses of my strength. By husband

and I are dedicated to the service of you all, and with God's help we are resolved to devote our whole lives and efforts to the advancement of our people and the Commonwealth.

This is a righ and lovely land, I have felt that, like the Commonwealth Iteelf, it has entered upon an ora of great developments, and that in the years cheed it will go etendily forward to new, unsurpaged heights of achievement. I pray that this will be con and for my part I will do whatever lies within my power to make it My mesoage is that you will continue to seise the opportunities which here here been so righly bestowed; and that you will never dicknish your determination to move onwards to the goals of peace and progress, which even now lie within your reach; so that the generations to come will, is their turn, honour your names and this Releasedui nation, and the Dritten people which gave it birth,

In the last rive weeks, we have mide a journey through New Scaland, the me very of which my husband and I chall cherish in our hearts and minus forever. You volcamed us in such a very that everywhere we have fall thome, surrounded by kindliness and warm offection.

do with the sedmons that attende 11 partings from those who are easy to us. It is to perced by the hope that we shall be able to return to New Scaland, and by our knowledge that though our Sother country is for from those shores, we stend together in the brotherhood of one smily, and are united in spirit.

• take away with us the impression of a very happy

country; and a most beautiful one. • ch.??

c take away with us the impression of a very happy country; and a most beautiful one. — a shall rescaler a land agles with all the lovely solours on surner; a country of green pastures, noble sivers, and the emjecty of high mountains. — a shall remember, as a symbol, how the native forms and bush stand side by side with the familiar trees of Home. — a shall remember the sleer hir, the solour of the hills and the ever-present magic of the sea.

of the progress wrought in this country within a short open of time, and the brilliant produce of high achievement in the years to come. Your energy and effects are carrying flow Scaland forward to great developments, the effect of which will, I know, be felt not only hear, but cell beyond these discres. It is an impiration to me to reflect, as I pursue my over task, that the fortunes of the Countricalth are in such heads as yours.

You have shown to most vividly in these five weeks how fire one strong are the bonds which draw us together in one great fellowship of nations. You have shown us less a most sincere legalty and affection, for which I

theme you from a full heart, These things suctain us as we fulfil the ploage we have given to devote our lives to your service. We shall give our utwest to that service,

Released under the Official Information Act

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that will live resplendent in the memories of all of us.

It would be an understatement to say that we have for a very long time locked forward to this great and stimulating experience, when the loyalty, affection and enthusiasm of our people sinds some outward expression; when our people, who have for so long had to content themselves with pictures and photographs, and with news and reading, now have the chance to meet their tuesn, so see her, to cheer her, and to express their love and affection for her whom they serve with such devotion, and to catch that breath of inspiration and encouragement which flows between our Sovereign and Her people.

ation Act

Disappointed as we have been because of previous unavoidable delays, our pleasure is all the greater because those days of disappointment and delay are over and you are actually here, and we are with you.

and beloved parents, Their Majesties King Jeorge VI and Queen Elizabeth, and them, when His late Majesty's illness prevented that, our hearts were turned in glad expectation to the prospect of your own visit. Themintervened the sad events with prevented the fulfilment of those plans, which are fresh in our minis and which will remain so, for King Jeorge's memory is ever green. This great sorrow which overtook our Empire, our Commonwealth, and, indeed, many parts of the world, was relieved by your own accession and

-

reign and the later announcement that the present visit was to take place, to this most loyal part of your widespread dominions.

Our Commonwealth is apread around the world, a great and enduring influence for good. The greatest days of this Commonwealth lie ahead of us. Our resources are inexhaustible; and, given peace, we can achieve much for the advantage of mankind.

Let us pray and bend every effort to ensure that our objective is attained during your reign.

The glory of Your Majesty's coronation engemered amongst all the peoples of your Empire the despest feelings of personal loyalty, devotion and pride.

For those who were privileged to be present, that occasion will ever remain the profoundly moving event and spectacle of our lives.

I venture to say that there is at this moment such a flood of loyalty to Your Majesty and to Your Royal Highness from all parts of the Empire and Commonwealth as has never been surpassed in its whole history.

The occasion of this Royal Visit is a landmark in our national life, for it is the first occasion when a reigning sovereign has set foot on these shores. We are deeply conscious of the homour thus conferred upon us which has seized the imagination and enthusiasm of all New Zealanders.

It is the desire of every person in this country that I should ask you to convey to the Queen Mother a message of love, loyalty and affection.

we recall with pride and gratitude her own visit to these shores and her services as queen, especially during the dreadful war period when foresaking all thoughts of self or safety she gave such inspiration and encouragement to millions of people.

Another special message I would humbly ask you to bear to your own lovely children, for whom we entertain the
warmest feelings of affection, and to Her Royal Highness
the Princess Margaret.

Please, Your Majesty, be assured that if it should ever be your pleasure that they should come to our country they would r ceive a welcome no less enthusiastic, no less spontaneous, and no less loyal than the welcome we extend to you today.

The Royal Visits we have already had and are having achieve lasting good in the cause of Empire, especially in this the most distant of your Dominions.

It is a great rivilege for us to extend also a welcome to His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh. Our people have taken him to their hearts.

From personal contacts between our Sovereign and the members of the Commonwealth great good will flow, for I am convinced that we have entered a period of history in which we have the capacity to exercise a most significant, even a decisive, role in international affirs, and all events which reinforce the Commonwealth association will play their part in strengthening that influence.

In this Empire of ours we have a unique association of States with an extraordinary range and diversity, in addition to which we have the centuries old wisdom of Great Britain and her incomparable tradition and experience in the conduct of world affairs. This store of experience is freely available to all members of our Commonwealth, and, indeed, to the world.

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For us the Grown is the dominant and focal point of this Commonwealth group and the brilliant symbol of its association.

As Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness stand on the threshold of your reign we feel that we are embarked on an era of high promise, in which the achievements and resources of the Commonwealth will be raised to now heights.

We hope that Your Majesty's reign may be long and happy, blessed with days of peace and made glorious by victories of high endeavour and that Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness may long be spared, guarded and guided in your great task.

Extended in, what is to us, a building of much historic significance, for it has been in these buildings that for eighty-seven years the laws of our land have been enacted. The laws under which successive Covernments have striven to advance the velfare of our country, the unity and happiness of our geople and the British way of life.

Se take pride in the rapid growth of our industries, both in town and country.

It is a great pleasure to tell Your Majesty about our relations with our fine Maori people.

At m anxious time in the world's history, at a time when peoples, races and nations tend to be divided by creeds, castes and colours, I am glad to be able to report that the relations between our two peoples have never been better. We live in concord and unity as two races in one family.

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As in war so in times of peace our two peoples live and work together happily and peacefully. We have been careful together to ensure - though we strive for common understanding and unity - that we retain those unique and splendid qualities of custom, tradition and history that characterize our Maori people.

have drawn inspiration, strength and engouragement from the example of those stalwart British pioneers who, by selfless devotion to a cause and disregard of selfish interests, laid the very foundations upon which our present structure is being built.

We are all striving to make the visible superstructure of the sturdy and unseen foundations upon which it rests worthy of the people who put them in place. Britain, from which the majority of our people have sprung, gave us those ploneers whom we honour today.

A former Prime Minister of New Zealand, at a time of great poril for our Empire, gave to our Mother Country the answer to her call in those now historic words -

"Where Britain goes, we go
Where she stands, we stand."

Those words epitomise the spirit of New Zealand today and the determination of our people to stand together with the Mother Country to ensure the strength that will secure the preservation of our way of life, the freedom of our people and the rights and opportunities that God intended us to have.

A little more than a hundred years ago, in the terms of a Treaty signed by the Maori people and the representatives of Queen Victoria, the Union Jack was hoisted as a sign of British Sovereignty, with all its implied benefits and protection. Since that time our country has progressed and is still growing. All you will see around you has been achieved in a little more than a hundred years. People still living recall the New Zealand of its native state.

Those typical British qualities of adventure and enterprise, that made British the great power for good she has been in the world down the ages, live in this country teday, and so long as we adhere to those qualities so long will we prosper and grow.

It is with a keen sense of privilege that

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we looked forward first to the visit of your revered and beloved parents, Their Majesties King George VI and Queen Elisabeth, and them, when His late Majesty's illness prevented that, our hearts were turned in glad expectation to the prospect of your own visit. Themistervened the sad events which prevented the fulfilment of those plans, which are fresh in our sinds and which will remain so, for King George's memory is ever green. This great sorrow which overtook our Empire, our Commonwealth, and, indeed, many parts of the world, was relieved by your own accession and

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At an anxious time in the world's history, at a time when peoples, races and nations tend to be divided by creeds, castes and colours. I am glad to be able to report that the relations between our two peoples have never been better.

We live in concord and unity as two races in one family.

As in war so in times of peace our two peoples live and work together happily and peacefully. We have been careful together to ensure - though we strive for common understanding and unity - that we retain those unique and splendid qualities of custom, tradition and history that characterise our Mapri people.

All down these years of growth and development we have drawn inspiration, strength and encouragement from the example of those stalwart British pioneers who, by salfless devotion to a cause and disregard of salfleh interests, laid the very foundations upon which our present structure is being built.

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We are all striving to make the visible superstructure of the sturdy and unpose foundations upon which it rests worthy of the people who put them in place. Britain, from which the majority of our people have oprums, gave us those ploneers whom we henour today.

A former Prime Minister of New Scaland, at a time of great Poril for our Empire, gave to our Mother Country the anguer to her call in those now historic words -

Where Sricain goes, we go

Where she stands, we stand,

Those words epitomise the spirit of New Zealand today and the determination of our people to stand together with the Nother Country to ensure the strongth that will secure the preservation of our way of life, the freedom of our people and the rights and opportunities that God intended us to have.

It is with a keen sense of privilege that I rise to extend to Your Majesty - Our Queen - and to His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh a most cordial welcome to our country - to your country - on behalf of all our people, both European and Maori. It is a time of high rejoicing for us and of heartfelt devotion, and one that will live resplendent in the memories of all of us.

It would be semething of an understatement to say that we have for a very long time looked forward to this great and stimulating experience, when the loyalty, affection and enthusiasm of our people finds some outward expression; where our people, who have for so long had to content themselves with pictures and photographs, and with news and reading, now have the chance to meet their Queen, to see her, to cheer her, and to express their love and affection for her whom they serve with such devotion, and to catch that breath of inspiration and encouragement which flows between our Sovereign and Her people.

Disappointed as we have been because of previous unavoidable delays, our pleasure is all the greater because the days of disappointment and delay are over and you are actually here, and we are with you.

We looked forward first to the visit of your revered and belowed parents, Their Majesties

King George and Queen Elizabeth, and then when His late Majesty's illness prevented that, our hearts were turned in glad expectation to the prospect of your own visit. Then intervened the ead events which prevented the fulfilment of those plans, which are fresh in our minds and which will remain so for King George's memory is ever green. This great sorrow which overtook our Empire, our Commonwealth, and, indeed many parts of the world was relieved by your own accession and reign and the later announcement that the present visit was to take place, to this most loyal part of your widespread dominions.

Our Commonwealth is spread around the world, a great and enduring influence for good in the world.

The greatest days of this Commonwealth lie ahead of us. Our resources are inexhaustible; and, given peace, we can a chieve much for the advantage of mankind.

Let us pray and bend every effort to ensure that our objective is attained during your reign.

The glory of Your Majesty's coronation engendered amongst all the peoples of your Empire the deepest feelings of personal loyalty. devotion and pride.

For those who were privileged to be present, that occasion will ever remain the profoundly moving event and spectacle of our lives.

I venture to say that there is at this moment such a flood of loyalty to Your Majesty and to Your Royal Highness from all parts of the Empire and Commonwealth as has never been surpassed in its whole history

The occasion of this Royal Visit is a landmark in our national life, for it is the first occasion when a reigning sovereign has set foot on these shores. We are deeply conscious of the honour thus conferred upon us which has seized the imagination and enthusiasm of all New Zealanders.

It is the desire of every person in this country that I should ask you to convey to Her Majorty the Queen Mother a message of love, loyalty and affection.

her one week to

we recall with pride and gratitude first her reign as Queen, especially during the dreadful war period when foresaking all thoughts of self or safety she gave such inspiration and encouragement to millions of people, and, second, Her own visit to these shores.

Two other special messages we would humbly ask you to bear. First to Her Royal Highness the Princess Margaret, and then to your own lovely children for whom we entertain the warmest feelings of affection.

Please, Your Majesty, be assured that if it should ever be your pleasure that they should come to our little country, they would be assured of a welcome, no less enthusiastic, no less spontaneous, and no less loyal than the welcome we extend to you today.

The Royal Visits we have already had and are having achieve lasting good in the cause of Empire, especially in this the most distant of your Dominions.

It is a great privilege for us to extend also a welcome to His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh.

Our people have taken him to their hearts.

and the members of the Commonwealth great good will flow, for I amconvinced that we have entered a period of history in which we have the capacity to exercise a most significant, even a decisive role in international affairs, and all events which reinforce the Commonwealth association will play their part in strengthening that influence.

In this Empire of ours we have a unique association of States with an extraordinary range and diversity, in addition to which we have the centuries old wisdom of Great Britain and her imcomparable tradition and experience in the conduct of world affairs. This store of experience is freely available to all members of our Commonwealth, and, indeed, to the world.

For us the Crown is the dominant and focal point of this Commonwealth group and the brilliant symbol of its association.

As Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness stand on the threshold of your reign we feel that we are embarked on an era of high promise, in which the achievement and resources of the Commonwealth will be raised to new heights.

We hope that Your Majesty's reign may be long and happy, blessed with days of peace and made glorious by victories of high endeavour and that Your Majesty and Your Royal Highness may long be spar d, guarded and guided in your great task

It seems appropriate that this welcome should be extended in, what is to us a building of much historic significance, for it has been in these buildings that for grant years the laws of our land have been enacted. The laws under which successive Governments have striven to advance the welfare of our country, the unity and happiness of our people and the British way of life.

We take pride in the rapid growth of our industries, both in town and country.

It is a great pleasure to tell Your Majesty about our relations with our fine Maori people.

At an anxious time in the world's history, at a time when peoples, races and nations tend to be divided by creeds, castes and colours, I am glad to be able to report that the relations between our two peoples have never been better.

We live in concord and unity as two races in one family

5-3

As in war so in times of peace, our two peoples live and work together happily and peacefully. We have been careful together to ensure, though we strive for common understanding and unity, that we retain those quaint, unique and splendid qualities of custom, tradition and history that characterise our Maori people.

All down these years of growth and development we have drawn inspiration, strength and encouragement from the example of those stalwart British pioneers who by selfless devotion to a cause and disregard of selfish interests laid the very foundations upon which our present structure is being built.

We are all striving to make the visible superstructure werth of the sturdy and unseen foundations upon which it rests worthy of the people who put them in place. Britain, from which of of our people have sprung, gave us those pioneers whom we honour today.

A former Prime Minister of New Zealand, at a time of great peril for our Empire gave to our Mother Country the answer to her call in those now historic words -

"Where Britain goes, we go Where She stands, we stand." Those words epitomise the spirit of New Zealand today and the determination of our people to stand together with the Mother Country to ensure the strength that will ensure the preservation of our way of life, the freedom of our people and the rights and opportunities that God intended us to have

terms of a Treaty signed by the Maori people and the representatives of Queen Victoria the Union Jack was hoisted as a sign of British Sovereignty, with all its implied benefits and protection. Since that time our country has progressed and is still growing. All you will see around you has been achieved in a little more than a hundr d years. People will living recall the New Zealand in its native state.

Those typical British qualities of adventure and enterprise that made Britain the great power for good she has been in the world down the ages, live in this country today and so long as we adhere to those qualities so long will we prosper and grow.

DRAFT ADDRESS IN REPLY

10-11-53

May it Please Your Majesty,

We, Your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the House of Representatives of New Zealand in Parliament assembled beg leave to offer our thanks to Your Majesty for the Speech which Your Majesty has addressed to the House of Representatives.

We wish to express our gratification and deep sense of privilege at the honour which Your Majesty has bestowed upon us in opening this session of the thirtieth Parliament. Your Majesty is assured that we recognize this as an occasion of profound significance in the history of New Zealand.

We rejoice in Your Majesty's visit to our country, which has given us the opportunity of paying our loyal homage and heartfelt devotion to Your Majesty in person. We hope that Your Majesty and His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh will find your journey through New Zealand both agreeable and interesting.

We affirm our deep loyalty to Your Majesty, and pray that Your Reign may be a long and happy one, marked by peaceful progress and high achievement.

In assuring Your Majesty that our most earnest consideration will be given to the several matters referred to in Your Gracious Speech we join with Your Majesty in praying for Divine Guidance in all our deliberations.



OUTWARD TELEGRAM

[This document is the property of Her Majesty's Government in New Zegland]

12/27

FROM: Minister of External Affairs, Wellington

TO: High Commissioner for New Zealand, London, No. 1196

DATED: 9 November 1953 19.30

No. 1196.

For High Commissioner from Prime Minister.

"Now Zealand Truth" are running a story based on "Weekly News" Court Correspondent's report that Queen had snubbed New Zealand Government over their alleged desire to write the Queen's broadcast. This is of course entirely untrue. "Truth" story goes on to say that New Zealand House has made no attempt to deny "Weekly News" story.

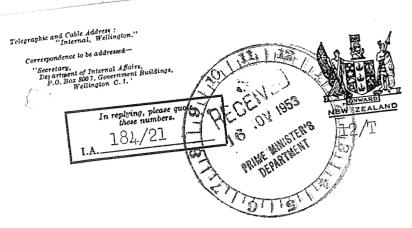
If you think it necessary or desirable to make any comment you should know that at no stage has the New Zealand Government ever offered any opinion or advice on this matter.

(Signed) EXTERNAL

(E, 7147)

Prime Minister Chief Private Secretary — Prime Minister's Department

9.11.53



DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

P.O. BOX 8007, GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS,

WELLINGTON C.1.

9th November, 1953.

MEMORANDUM for :-

The Permanent Head, Prime Minister's Office, WELLINGTON.

(Your reference P.M. 151/12/27)

Thank you for your memorandum of the 10th November and the draft copies of the Address of Welcome, I have the proposed reply, and various other speeches. I have the proposed reply, and various other speeches. I have noted your comments regarding the Prime Minister's speech. I presume that, in due course, you will let me have a I presume that, in due course, which the Leader of the I presume the supporting remarks which the State Luncheon. I presume will make on the occasion of the State Luncheon.

I would like to confirm that this Department of would like to confirm that these drafts taking all necessary action to ensure that these drafts teach The Queen's party before they leave the United Kingdom, reach The Queen's perty before any subsequent and that it will also be responsible for any subsequent and that it will also be reaches New Zealand.

I would also like to confirm that this
Department is arranging for the engrossing of the
Government Address of Welcome and the provision of a suitable casket for its presentation.

Secretary for Internal Affairs

Secretary for

No Milyton whom more than me or with the will be the secretary with the more than me of the secretary that the secretary for the secretary fo

CHARLE SON

OUTWARD TELEGRAM

[This document is the property of Her Majesty's Government in New Zealand]

FROM:

Minister of Enternal Affairs, Wellington

Migh Commissioner for Mes Mes From. Doudon, Rosi

DARBO: 9 For order 1953

No.1196.

For High Countseloper from Trico

ciony bared Ton Land Truth' are on Wookly News Court Corresponded Queen had snubbed Hee Zonk nd Gov whloged desire to write the Queen t årer timar Describerat. Tieke in Describerat. Tieke in Descript in desm of course entirely untrue. that New Zealand House has Theally Howe" story.

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Private Secretary

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COPY OF TELEGRAM

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FROM EXTERNAL WELLINGTON /2 2 TO DEPUTY LONDON

DATED 9 November 1953

FOR HIGH COMMISSIONER FROM PRIME MINISTER

"New Zealand Truth" are running a story
based on "Weekly News" Court Correspondent's report
that Queen had snubbed New Zealand Government over
their alleged desire to write the Queen's broadcast.
This is of course entirely untrue. "Truth"
story goes on to say that New Zealand House has made
no attempt to deny "Weekly News" story.

If you think it necessary or desirable to make any comment you should know that at no stage has the New Zealand Government ever offered any opinion or advice on this matter.

EXTERNAL

APPROVED

9.11.53

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ation Act

On behalf of my husband and myself, I thank you all for the moving way in which you honoured this toast. I am also deeply grateful to the Prime Minister, and to the Leader of the Opposition, for their heartening words of welcome and allegiance. I am deeply touched by their kind references to my late beloved father, His Majesty King George VI, and to the Queen Mother and other members of the Royal Family who visited New Zealand in the past.

The warmth of the welcome we have everywhere received since our arrival in New Zealand has filled our hearts with joy and pride. We shall so remember it for the rest of our days. Wherever we have travelled in this beautiful country, we have been greeted with spontaneous enthusiasm and affection. We have truly been made to feel at home. I know that this, which is one of the strongest impressions I have formed here, will provide a continuing source of inspiration to me in the days to come.

In what we have so far seen of New Zealand, both
my husband and I have also been deeply impressed by the
way in which, with the aid of science and technical skill,
the country's manifold natural resources are being developed.
Although we knew well of the scope and advancement of
New Zealand industry, both primary and secondary, and of
your great development projects, nevertheless, the
experience of seeing these things ourselves for the
first time has surpassed all our expectations.

The progress which has been achieved in the comparatively short span of New Zealand's history bears witness to the vigour, courage and self-reliance of the New Zealand people. It stands also as a living monument to your forefathers, and the pioneers, whose labours opened up this new land, and who, in their day, built the foundations of its greatness. Let us pay tribute to their works, which are our heritage and inspiration.

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I am sustained in my task by the knowledge that in this loyal country of our great Commonwealth the spirit of enterprise and endeavour shines forth as brightly as ever it did in those earlier times. I know from what I have seen that by their efforts the people of New Zealand are making a contribution to the welfare of our Commonwealth which is unsurpassed. The most vivid impression of this forward spirit was made on me when, on the eve of my Coronation, I received the thrilling news that one of your sons had climbed to the summit of the highest mountain in the world.

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I feel most deeply the force of your remarks,

Mr Prime Minister, about the Commonwealth, and its part
in world affairs. I too am certain that it is one of
the great forces for good in the world, and that the
arduous and difficult times in which we are living present
a challenging opportunity for us to exert that beneficent
influence with telling effect. With a full sense of our
interdependence, which I believe is shared by every
member of the Commonwealth, we shall meet the challenge,
and contribute, as we have done over the centuries, to
the maintenance of peace and freedom.

Upon me has been laid the heavy responsibility of presiding, as Queen and Head of the Commonwealth, over the fortunes and destinies of this great association of nations and peoples. It is a grave task, and I am as deeply conscious of the duties and responsibilities it imposes as I am of the immense trust which my people repose in me. The knowledge of their loyalty and affection, which in New Zealand you have brought so vividly before me, is indeed one of the main sources of my strength. My husband and I are dedicated to the service of you all, and with God's help we are resolved to devote our whole lives and

efforts to the advancement of our people and the Commonwealth.

This is a rich and lovely land. I have felt that. like the Commonwealth itself, it has entered upon an era of great developments, and that in the years ahead it will go steadily forward to new, unsurpassed heights of I pray that this will be so, and for my achievement. part I will do whatever lies within my power to make it so. My message is that you will continue to seize the opportunities which here have been so richly bestowed; and that you will never diminish your determination to move onwards to the goals of peace and progress, which even now lie within your reach; so that the generations to come will, in their turn, honour your names and this Releasedunc nation, and the British people which gave it birth.



NOTES FOR QUEEN'S FAREWELL ADDRESS.

In the last five weeks, we have made a journey through

New Zealand, the memory of which my husband and I shall

cherish in our hearts and minds forever. You welcomed us

in such a way that everywhere we have felt at home, surrounded

by kindliness and warm affection.

Now the time has come for us to say goodbye, which we do with the sadness that attends all partings from those who are dear to us. It is tempered by the hope that we shall be able to return to New Zealand, and by our knowledge that though our Mother Country is far from these shores, we stand together in the brotherhood of one family, and are united in spirit.

We take away with us the impression of a very happy country; and a most beautiful one. We shall remember a land aglow with all the lovely colours of summer; a country of green pastures, noble rivers, and the majesty of high mountains. We shall remember, as a symbol, how the native ferns and bush stand side by side with the familiar trees of Home. We shall remember the clear air, the colour of the hills and the everpresent magic of the sea.

We have also other impressions, equally vivid and lasting, of the progress wrought in this country within a short span of time, and the brilliant promise of high achievement in the years to come. Your energy and efforts are carrying New Zealand forward to great developments, the effect of which will, I know, be felt not only here, but well beyond these shores. It is an inspiration to me to reflect, as I pursue my own task, that the fortunes of the Commonwealth are in such hands as yours.

You have shown us most vividly in these five weeks how firm and strong are the bonds which draw us together in our great fellowship of nations. You have shown us also a most sincere loyalty and affection, for which I than k you from a full heart. These things sustain us as we fulfil the pledge we have given to devote our lives to your service. We shall give our utmost to that service, and ad bless of the official linder the official l God bless you all.

On behalf of the Government and people of New Zealand Your Majesty's Ministers humbly extend to you, their beloved Queen, and to Your Royal Highness a most sincere and heartfelt welcome. We wish Your Majesty to know of the gratitude felt by all your loyal subjects in this country at Your Majesty's gracious decision to visit this the most distant of your realms, and to undertake so arduous a programme of travel in New Zealand. It is our hope that this journey will be as enjoyable and memorable for Your Majesty as it will be unforgettable for your New Zealand subjects.

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anis journey

aniorgettable for your New Zealand subjects.

In passing through New Zealand Your Majesty will, we
are confident, be left in no doubt of the deep loyalty
and affection which the people of New Zealand bear towards
you. That loyalty is the sum of many elements - of admiration
for Your Majesty's charm and grace and for all that you have
done in the performance of your exacting duties; of respect
for the Royal Family to which you belong; and of pride in
our partnership with the people of the United Kingdom and
of the other countries of the British Commonwealth over which
Your Majesty reigns.

It is our earnest desire and belief that, strengthened by such opportunities as this for demonstrating the loyalty of Your Majesty's subjects, and inspired by your leadership, the Commonwealth will prove its ability always to stand united. Your Majesty's New Zealand subjects and the loyal peoples of the New Zealand Island Territories trust that from this visit Your Majesty may gain complete assurance of our devotion. We hope that you may be strengthened by that assurance, upon which Your Majesty can rely now and in the years to come. Sustained by the affection and loyalty of your peoples, we hope also that Your Majesty, with the support and assistance of His Royal Highness, may long

/reign

reign over us as Queen and Head of the Commonwealth.

Released under the Official Information Act

HONOURABLE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

It is with deep emotion that I speak to you, the elected representatives of the people of New Zealand, as your Queen, and that I exercise the prerogative of opening the third session of this thirtieth Parliament.

I am profoundly sensible of the fact that this is the first occasion on which it has been possible for your Sovereign to exercise this high function in person in New Zealand. I know how much my father, with his intense devotion to his people, would have valued this historic privilege, of which his ill health so tragically deprived him. My constant prayer is that I may, in some measure, carry on that ideal of service of which he gave so outstanding an example.

As I stand-before you in this Assembly. I foot

As I stand before you in this Assembly, I feel especially conscious of the community of spirit which exists among the Parliaments of our Commonwealth. Our unique association of nations and peoples, united in the possession of common traditions and ideals, can fairly lay claim to greatness; and I can think of no greatness more worthy of respect than that conceived in the terms of the right of peoples and symbolized by a firm faith in the strength of parliamentary institutions.

A hundred years ago, when the people of New Zealand gained for themselves the right of responsible self-government, it would have required a prophetic imagination to have foreseen the possibility of the present occasion. But in these hundred years New Zealand has attained the maturity of full statehood, while the ocean surrounding these bountiful islands has become a main highway in a world which has itself been transformed. I welcome the shrinkage of the world which makes possible the present closeness in personal relations within the Commonwealth. It will always be my endeavour to take advantage of the opportunities afforded by our age to enter with ever closer sympathy and understanding into the problems and aspirations of my Government and people in New Zealand.

/Unhappily

Unhappily the world has not been able to keep pace morally with the rate of its technical progress. This period demands of us all an unremitting effort to broaden our horizons. I am confident that, with that openness of mind to be expected from a new country, my Government and people in New Zealand will continue to contribute worthily towards the lessening of international tensions and the preservation of world peace.

New Zealand, through her steady progress in matters of social welfare and in the development of her agricultural and other industries, has won international esteem. It is my earnest hope and expectation that this progress will continue, and bring increased benefits and richness of living to her people.

I wish to express most sincerely my warm appreciation for the arrangements which my Ministers have made for me to travel extensively and to meet my subjects in this country.

I pray that the blessing of Almighty God will rest upon your counsels.

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Your Excellency and Mr Prime Minister.

The declaration you have just made and the warmth and sincerity of your welcome to us today have confirmed what I have always believed - that the loyal feelings of the people of New Zealand remain undiminished by distance and the passage of time.

Though this is my first visit to New Zealand, I have the impression that I know it well and I know that here I shall feel at home. My parents spoke often of the kindness and boundless hospitality shown them when they visited this country over twenty-five years ago and for a long time past I have hoped for the opportunity to come here myself.

There is a measure of sadness in the circumstances which surround my visit. My father would have come here in 1939 had it not been for the outbreak of war, and he was prevented again from coming by his illness in 1948.

I have inherited the duties and responsibilities which he bore with such courage and I am heartened by the fact that I have also inherited the loyalty of his peoples all over the world. I shall always endeavour to retain and deserve that loyalty.

I have been deeply affected today by your expression of hope that our visit may serve to strengthen the ties which bind the countries of the British Commonwealth and that I may draw strength for the performance of my duties from the devotion of my subjects in New Zealand. I share that hope with all my heart and I thank you and the people of New Zealand for giving it to me.

OUTWARD TELEGRAM

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151

FROM: Minister of External Affairs, Wellington

TO: Righ Commissioner for New Zealand, London, No. 1196

DATED: 9 November 1953

19.30

No.1196.

For High Commissioner from Prime Minister.

"Now Zealand Truth" are running a story based on "Weekly News" Court Correspondent's report that Queen had shubbed New Zealand Government over their alloged desire to write the Queen's broadcast. This is of course ontirely untrue. "Truth" story goes on to say that New Zealand House has made no attempt to deny "Weekly News" story.

If you think it necessary or desirable to make any comment you should know that at no stage has the New Zealand Government ever offered any opinion or advice on this matter.

(Signed) EXTERMAL

(E.7147)

Prime Minister Chief Private Secretary Prime Minister's Department

9.11.53

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93 October 1953

Dear Paul,

Thank you very much indeed for your letter of 1 October with which you forwarded copies of all the speeches ever made in Canada. As a matter of fact, we had to work to a ferly strict time limit and this material arrived just as we were writing our last lines. However, it has proved useful in providing a basis of comparison for our own efforts and the Committee have asked me to convey their thanks to you for going to the trouble of commiling it. trouble of compiling it.

Almormation I think, on the whole, that the drafts produced by the Department are fairly good. From the precedents we were able to assemble it appears to us that the Queen's speech writers have adopted a definitely more simple style than was used by previous sovereigns. We attempted to reproduce this and the drafts are the better for it. However, they have now gone on to be dealt with by the Prime Minister and others who wish personally to have a part in them and no doubt any resemblance between the final product and our drafts will be purely coincidental. will be purely coincidental.

Yours sincerely,

ESTE G. COLLINS

O.P. Gabites, Esq., Office of the High Commissioner for New Zealand,

despatched 23 007 1953 PRIME MINISTER'S DEPARTMENT MEMORANDUM for:

Mr McIntosh

ROYAL TOUR - SPEECHES

Internal Affairs have enquired about drafts of the several speeches required in connection with the Royal Visit.

I told them that you had arranged that the drafts stand over until your return, that you would be here this week and that there was some prospect of their being available to Internal Affairs by the end of this week.

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Prime Minister's Department, Wellington. 12 October 1953. FS. ER.

MOTES FOR QUEEN'S FAREWELL ADDRESS

11.10:53

HON AC

In the last five weeks, we have made a journey through New Zealand, the memory of which we shall cherish in our minds forever. You welcomed us in such a way that everywhere we have felt at home, surrounded by kindliness and warm affection.

Now the time has come for us to say goodbye, which we do with the sadness that attends all partings from those who are dear to us. It is tempered by the hope that we shall be able to return to New Zealand, and by our knowledge that though our Mother Country is far from these shores, we stand together in the brotherhood of one family, and are united in spirit.

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You have shown us most vividly in these five weeks how firm and strong are the bonds which draw us together in our great fellowship of nations. You have shown us also a most sincere loyalty and affection, for which I thank you from a full heart, These things sustain us as we fulfil the pledge we have given to devote our lives to your service. We shall give our utmost to that service, and to be worthy of your trust. you all,

Prelimmany draft of Royal Tour Sheel

On behalf of my husband and myself, I desire to thank you all for the moving way in which you honoured this toast.

I am also deanly grateful to the frime Minister, on, to the Leader of the Opposition, for their heartening yords of a eleome and allegiance, and their kind references to my beloved parents and other members of the Royal Family who visited New Ze aland in the past.

The warmth of the welcome we have everywhere received since our arrival in New Zeeland has filled our nearts with joy and pride, and we shall remember it for the rest of our ways. Wherever we have travelled in this beautiful country, we have been greeted with spontaneous enthusiasm and affection. We have truly been made to feel at home. I know that this, which is one of the strongest impressions I have formed here, will provide a continuing source of inspiration to see in the days to take.

In what we have so far seen of New Zealand, both my husband and I have also been deeply impressed by the mar in which, with the aid of science and technical skill, the country's manifold natural resources are being developed. Although we knew well of the scope and advancement of New Zealand industry, both primary and secondary, and of your great negural development projects, nevertheless, the experience of seeing these things with our own eyes for the first time has surpassed all our expectations.

The progress which her been a chieved in the comparatively short span of New Zealand's history bear, witness to the vigour, courage and self-reliance of the New Zealand people. It stands also as a living monument to your forefathers, and the pioneers, whose labours opened up this new land, and who in their day built the foundations of its greatness. Let us pay tribute to thir torks, which are our heritage and inspiration.

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I am sustained in my task by the knowledge that in this loyal country of our great Commonwealth the spirit of enterprise and endeavour shines forth as brightly as ever it did in those earlier times. I know from what I have seen that by their efforts the people of New Zealand are making a concribation to the welfare of our Commonwealth which is unsurpassed. The most vivid impression of this forward spirit was made on me when, on the eve of my Coronation, I received the thrilling news that one of your sons had climbed to the summit of the highest mountain in the world.

I feel most deeply the force of your remarks, Mr frime Minister, about the Commonwealth, and its part in world affairs. I too am certain that it is one of the great forces for good in the world, and that the timesin which we are living present a challenging opportunity for us to exert that influence with telling effect. With a full sense of our interdependence, which I believe is shared by every member of the Commonwealth, we shall meet the challenge, and make our contribution to the maintenance of neace and freedom.

Upon me has been laid the heavy responsibility of presiding, as queen and Head of the Commonwealth, over the fortunes of this great association of nations and peoples. It is a grave task for one so young as I am, but the knowledge of the loyalty and affection of my people, which in New Zealand you have brought so vividly before me, is one of the main sources of my strength. My husband and I are dedicated to the service of you all, and with God's help we are resolved to devote our whole lives and efforts to the advancement of our people and the Commonwealth.

This is a rich and lovely land. I have felt that, like the Commonwealth itself, it has entered upon an era of great developments, and that in the years ahead it will to steadily

/ forward

forward to new, unsurpassed heights of achievement. I pray that this will be so, and for my part I will do whatever lies within my power to make it so. My message is that you will continue to seize the opportunities which here have been so richly bestowed, and that you will never slacken your determination to move onwards to the goals of peace and progress, which even now lie within your reach; so that the generations to come will, in their turn, honour and to the official o your names and this nation, and the Commonwealth which gave

On behalf of the Parliament and people of New Zealand
Your Majesty's Ministers humbly extend to you, their beloved
Queen, and to your Royal Highness a most sincere and cordial
welcome. We wish Your Majesty to know of the gratitude felt
by all your loyal subjects in this country at your gracious
decision to visit this the most distant of your realms, and
to undertake an arduous programme of travel in New Zealand.
It is our hope that the visit will be as enjoyable and memorable
for you as it will be unforgettable for your New Zealand subjects.

In passing through New Zealand Your Najesty will, we are confident, be left in no doubt of the loyalty which the people of New Zealand bear towards you. That loyalty is the sum of many elements — of admiration for your Najesty's charm and grace and for all that you have done in the performance of your exacting duties; of respect for the Royal Family to which you belong; and of pride in our partnership with the people of the United Kingdom and of the other countries of the British Commonwealth over which Your Najesty presides.

It is our parnest desire and our belief that, strengthened by such opportunities as this visit affords for demonstrating the loyalty of Your Majesty's subjects, and inspired by your leadership, the Commonwealth will prove to all its ability always to stand united. Your Majesty's New Zealand subjects and the loyal peoples of the New Zealand Island Territories hope that from this visit Your Majesty may gain complete assurance of our devotion and affection. We hope further that, strengthened by that assurance and assisted always by His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh the other members of the Royal Family, you may long reign over us.

Your Excellency and Mr Prime Minister.

The declaration you have just made and the warmth and sincerity of your welcome to us today have confirmed what I have always believed - that the loyal feelings of the people of New Zealand remain undiminished by distance and the passage of time.

As you know, this is my first visit to New Zealand but in imagination I have been here many times before. My father and my mother spoke often of the kindness shown them when they visited this country nearly thirty years ago and for a long time past I have hoped to have the opportunity to come here myself.

The circumstances which surround my visit are in a sense tinged with sadness, for you know that but for the outbreak of war my father would have come here in 1939, and but for his illness would have come in 1948.

I have inherited the duties and responsibilities which he bore with such courage but I have inherited too the loyalty of his peoples all over the world. I shall always endeavour to retain and deserve that loyalty.

Thave been deeply affected today by your expression of hope that our visit may serve to strengthen the ties which bind the countries of the British Commonwealth and that I may draw strength for the performance of my duties from the devotion of my subjects in New Zealand. I share that hope and I thank you for it and through you the people of New Zealand.

Honourable Members of the house of Representatives,

It is with deep emotion that I speak to you, the elected representatives of the people of New Zealand, as your and their Queen.

This is the first occasion on which it has been possible for your Sovereign to open in person a session of Parliament in New Zealand. I know how much my father, with his keen devotion to his people, would have valued this historic privilege, of which his ill health so tragically deprived him. My constant prayer is that I may in some measure carry on that ideal of service of which he gave so outstanding an example.

As I stand before you in this Assembly, I feel especially conscious of the community of spirit which exists among the Parliaments of our Commonwealth. This Commonwealth, which is the common object of our byalty, can fairly lay claim to greatness. I can think of no greatness more worthy of respect than that conceived in the terms of the right of peoples and symbolized by a firm faith in the strength of parliamentary institutions.

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A hundred years ago, when the people of New Zealand first won for themselves the right of responsible self-government, it would have required a prophetic imagination to have foreseen the possibility of the present occasion. But in these hundred years New Zealand has attained the maturity of full statehood while the ocean surrounding these beautiful islands has become a main highway in a world which has itself been transformed. I welcome this shrinkage of the world which makes possible the present closeness in personal relations within the Commonwealth. It will always be my endeavour to take advantage of the opportunities afforded by our age to enter with ever closer sympathy and understanding into the problems and aspirations of my Government and people in New Zealand.

Unhappily the world has not been able to keep pace morelly with the rate of its technical progress. This period demands of us all an unremitting effort to broaden our horizons. I am confident that, with that openness of mind to be expected from a new country, my Government and people in New Zealand will continue to contribute worthily towards the lessening of international tensions and the preservation of world peace.

New Zealand, through her steady progress in matters of social welfare and in the development of her agricultural and other industries, has won international esteem. It is my earnest hope and expectation that this progress will continue and bring increased benefits and richness of living to her people.

I wish to express most sincerely my warm appreciation for the arrangements which my Ministers have made for me.to travel extensively and to meet my subjects in this country.

I pray that the blessing of Almighty God will rest upon your counsels.

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TO HER MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY ELIZABETH THE SECOND, BY THE GRACE OF GOD, OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, NEW ZEALAND AND HER OTHER REALMS AND TERRITORIES QUEEN, HEAD OF THE COMMONWEALTH, DEPENDER OF THE FAITH:

As the representative of the European community
I count it a very great honour and privilege to join
with our Maori friends in extending a velcome to
Your Majesty and Your Royal Higheness to this historic
place, whereon Maori Chiefs of that day signed the
Treaty by which they accepted as their Queen your
Majesty's illustrious great-great-grandmother, Queen
Victoria.

In the Treaty of Vaitangi is preserved the statement of the historic and traditional rights of the Maori people. It is more than a legal document, it is a moral charter, and, as such, down the years it has been honoured all the more fully.

This site and the Treaty it signalizes are treasured alike by Maori and European. We are most grateful and proud that Your Majesty has graciously paid this visit to Waitangi today.

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OFFICE OF THE HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR NEW ZEALAND OTTAWA, CANADA

1 October 1953

R. G. Collins, Esq., Department of External Affairs, Wellington, New Zealand.

Dear Dick,

I am afraid the speech manufacturing committee will not be getting as much help from Canada as I had hoped. It has proved to be virtually impossible to get copies of any speeches made by the Prime Minister with the exception of that given in Quebec on 17 May 1939 at a luncheon welcoming the King and Queen. I should add that I have not bothered about any speeches delivered in the House of Commons here because I imagine the texts will be available to you in the General Assembly Library. The situation is, I admit, an extraordinary one, but the Secretary of State Department has lent us their file and it contains very Department has lent us their file and it contains very little of any real value for your purposes. As you will see from the selections I am sending you, the amount of corn on the line is, I think, fairly high.

If there is anything else we can do, please let me MA Released linder know.

Yours sincerely,

The Speech of His Majesty King George VI upon Their Majesties' departure from Canada; Halifax, Nova Scotia, June 15th, 1939.

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The time has come for the Queen and myself to say good-bye to the people of Canada.

You have given us a welcome of which the memory will always be dear to us. In our travels across your great country, we have seen not a little of its infinite variety of natural wealth and natural beauty. We have had the privilege of meeting Canadians, old and young, of many proud racial origins and in all walks of life. We hope we have made many friends among you.

We have had the opportunity, also, of crossing your border and paying an all too brief visit to Canada's great and friendly neighbour to the south. Our minds and hearts are full. We leave your shores after some of the most inspiring and illuminating weeks in our lives.

I return to England with a new sense of the resources and of the responsibilities of our British Empire. I am confident that Canada has before her a development far beyond the most optimistic dreams of her pioneers. Her growth in material wealth is fully assured. For her sons and daughters, I wish her an even greater growth in the stature of mind and spirit.

I go home with another thought, which is a comfort and an inspiration. From the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from the tropics to the Arctic, lies a large part of the earth where there is no possibility of war between neighbors, whose peoples are wholly dedicated to the pursuits of peace, a pattern to all men of how civilized nations should live together. It is good to know that such a region exists, for what man can do once he can do again. By God's grace yours may yet be the example which all the world will follow.

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The Address of His Majesty King George VI, b to the Empire from Winnipeg, May 24th, 1939. broadcast

To-day is Queen Victoria's birthday, as well as Empire Day, and I am glad that I can speak to you on this day amid surroundings eloquent of the Empire's achievement since Queen Victoria was lngs eloquent of the Empire's achievement since queen victoria was born. Winnipeg, the city from which I am speaking, was no more than a fort and hamlet upon the open prairie when Queen Victoria began to rule. To-day it is a monument to the faith and energy which have created and upheld the world-wide Empire of our time.

The journey which the Queen and I are making in Canada has been a deeply moving experience, and I welcome this opportunity of sharing with my subjects in all parts of the world some of the thought and feeling which it has inspired in me.

We often talk of the old world and the new. It is one of the greatest services of the British Empire that it serves to link and harmonize the two. That part of the British realm which lies in Europe and in Asia looks back upon many centuries of civilized life and growth. That part of it which lies in America, and Africa and the two great sister nations of Australia and New Zealand has made its place in world society within the last bundred years made its place in world society within the last hundred years.

ationAct For a long period in history it was the mind of Europe which led the march and fixed the aims of progress in the world. But that tide of inspiration is no longer running as it did in times gone that tide of inspiration is no longer running as it did in times go by. The Christian civilization of Europe is now profoundly troubled and challenged from within. We are striving to restore its standards, though the task is long and hard. Asia too is changing fast, and its mind is deeply disturbed. Is not this a moment when the old world in its turn might look for hope and guidance to the achievements of the new?

There is one example in particular which North America can offer to other parts of the world. A century ago, when Queen Vistoria began her reign, a great constitutional struggle was in progress in the Canadian provinces. But soon after this time the progress in the canadian provinces. But soon accerting time the provinces of Canada achieved responsible self-government. Freedom and responsibility led them gradually to compose their differences and to cement this noble federation from sea to sea.

The sense of race may be a dangerous and disrupting force, but English and French have shown in Canada that they can keep the pride and distinctive culture which it inspires, while yet combining to establish a broader freedom and security than either could have achieved alone could have achieved alone.

Nor is that the only chapter in North-American history that deserves consideration. Canada and the United States have had to dispose of searching differences of aim and interest during the past hundred years; but never has one of those differences been resolved by force or by threat. No man, thank God, will ever again conceive of such arbitrament between the peoples of my Empire and the people of the United States. The faith in reason and fair play, which we share with them, is one of the chief ideals that guide the British Empire in all its ways today. It is not in power or wealth alone, nor in dominion over other peoples, that the true greatness of an Empire consists. Those things are but the instrument; they are not the end or the ideal. The end is freedom, justice and peace in equal measure for all, secure against attack from without and from within.

It is only by adding to the spiritual dignity and material happiness of human life in all its myriad homes that an empire can claim to be of service to its own peoples and to the world.

 \ddot{I} would end with a special word of greeting to those of my listeners who are young. It is true – and I deplore it deeply –

that the skies are overcast in more than one quarter at the present time. Do not on that account lose heart. Life is a great adventure and every one of you can be a pioneer, blazing by thought and service a trail to better things.

Hold fast to all that is just and of good report in the heritage which your fathers have left to you, but strive also to improve and equalize that heritage for all men and women in Peleased under the Official Information Act the years to come. Remember too, that the key to all true progress lies in faith, hope and love. May God give you their support and may God help them to prevail.



The Speech of His Majesty King George VI Unveiling the National War Memorial, Ottawa, May 21st, 1939.

It is my privilege, as your King, to unveil today, in your capital city, the noble memorial to Canada's spirit and sacrifice in the Great War.

It is almost a quarter of a century since the beginning of the Great War. Four years earlier my father had succeeded to the Throne. For many, the memories of the war will always have an immediate association with his reign. It has been given to me to-day to recall Canada's part in the great conflict. Fortunately, my task is already largely performed, for in the beautiful work of art which I have just unveiled vivid and enduring expression has been given to the spirit of Canada.

The time and the place of today's ceremony are not without significance. I am not surprised that it has taken many years to bring this memorial into being, and to give it this appropriate setting. On the battlefields of Europe, and throughout the Dominion, there are many memorials to Canada's honoured dead. Today, in her own capital, Canada dedicates her national memorial.

The memorial speaks to the world of Canada's heart. Its symbolism has been beautifully adapted to this great end. It has been well named "The Response". One sees at a glance the answer made by Canada when the world's peace was broken, and freedom threatened in the fateful years of the Great War. It depicts the zeal with which this country entered the conflict.

But the symbolism of the memorial is even more profound. Something deeper than chivalry is portrayed. It is the spontaneous response of the nation's conscience. The very soul of the nation is here revealed.

Surmounting the arch, through which the armed forces of the nation are pressing forward, are the figures of peace and freedom. To win peace and to secure freedom, Canada's sons and daughters enrolled for service during the Great War. For the cause of peace and freedom 60,000 Canadians gave their lives, and a still larger number suffered impairment of body or mind. This sacrifice the national memorial holds in remembrance for our own and succeeding generations.

This memorial, however, does more than commemorate a great event in the past. It has a message for all generations and for all countries - the message which called forth Canada's response. Not by chance do the crowning figures of peace and freedom appear side by side. Peace and freedom cannot long be separated. It is well that we have, in one of the world capitals, a visible reminder of so great a truth. Without freedom there can be no enduring peace, and without peace no enduring freedom.

The Speech of The Prime Minister of Canada at the luncheon given by His Majesty's Government in Canada, welcoming King George VI and Queen Elizabeth on Their Majesties' arrival in Canada, at the Chateau Frontenac, Quebec, May 17th, 1939.

May it please Your Majesty:

On behalf of the Canadian people, I respectfully extend to Your Majesty and to Her Majesty the Queen a royal welcome to your Dominion of Canada.

We are deeply conscious of the signal honour of being the first of the overseas nations of the Commonwealth to be visited by the reigning Sovereign, and of having the high privilege of welcoming, in person, our King and Queen. We are proud indeed to feel that, in the person of Your Majesty, we have among us, not the symbol, but the living presence of the Head of the whole Empire.

Three and a third centuries ago, unknown, unheralded and unwelcomed, small craft crossed the then uncharted seas and sailed up the St. Lawrence to where this morning Your Majesty set foot on Canadian soil. Here, these early adventurers raised the Fleur de Lis of France and planted the Cross of Christianity. That day was the birthday of Canada. Since then, these heights have witnessed other scenesalike heroic and historic.

ationAct This afternoon Your Majesty will view the plains where one and three quarter centuries ago the soil of Old France in the New World was won for the British Crown. The transition gave a firm foundation to the British dominions beyond the seas. Your Majesty will also see the memorial which, in a single epitaph, commemorates the virtues of the gallant leaders of the two great rades then in conflict - a symbol of the highest chivalry, but, even more, of national unity.

Here, in 1864, after a preliminary conference at Charlottetown, the Fathers of Confederation drafted the resolutions which were the basis of the British North America Act. By this Act, the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, were federally united under the Crown into one Dominion. On July 1, 1867, with a constitution similar in principle to that of the United Kingdom, the British Colonies thus united became the Dominion of Canada.

To aid and advise in the government of the Dominion, the new constitution made provision for a Council to be styled the Queen's Privy Council for Canada.

To-day, all the Privy Councillors of Canada have been invited to meet Your Majesty, including members of both present and past administrations. It is the first occasion since Confederation, apart from the meetings of the first Cabinet, on which all the members of the King's Privy Council for Canada have been brought together. It is the first time in the history of Canada that the Ministers of the Crown and, indeed, all members of Your Majesty's Privy Council, have been assembled in the presence of Their King.

To-day, as never before, the Throne has become the centre of our national life.

Under the shadow of the great rock of Quebec, there has passed, in the course of years, a continuous stream of men and women, seeking and finding new homes and new opportunities in this favoured land. We rejoice in the thought that, for a time, our King and Queen will follow the path of those adventurers and pioneers. Your Majesties will discover not only - as they did - forests, prairies, and mountains, but thriving villages, towns and cities, all eager to extend their welcome. We hope there may be opportunity as well for Your Majesties to see and to enjoy something of the natural beauty of Canada's many rivers and lakes, its vast spaces, its clear skies and golden sunshine, its national parks, its quiet country-side and its golden sunshine, its national parks, its quiet country-side amd its peaceful homes.

We are not unmindful of the sacrifices involved in your long and arduous journeys over land and sea, and in parting for the time being with your children - those cherished children of the Empire, the Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret Rose. May the sincerity and warmth of our welcome be some compensation to you during this temporary separation. Your Majesties will find other children in this land longing to press around you, children who in turn will hand on to a future generation the memory of a great moment in their lives. Here, too, you will be in the heart of a family which is your own; a family of men and women of varied stock and race and thought, who, in free association with other members of the Commonwealth, but equally in their own way, are working out their national destiny.

We would have Your Majesties feel that, in coming from the Old Land to the New, you have but left one home to come to another; that we are all of one household. Free institutions and democratic ideals are as dear to the hearts of your people in Canada as to the peoples in any other part of the Empire. We regard their preservation and perpetuation as the common concern of all.

May I, in conclusion, be permitted to say that the warmth of the welcome Your Majesties will everywhere receive is bound up in a very special way with the admiration that all Canadians feel for the qualities of heart and character which you possess - for what you are in your selves. In your daily lives we see exemplified the things we value most - faith in God, concern for human well-being, consecration to the public service, delight in the simple joys of home and family life. Greater than our sense of the splendour of your state is our affection for two young people who bear, in so high a spirit, a responsibility unparalleled in the world.

Your Royal Highnesses:

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As Minister of the Department of Resources and Development. which is responsible, among other things, for promoting the conservation of wild birds, I have the honour to present to you six live specimens of one of our most treasured waterfowl - the Trumpeter Swan. This gift has been made possible through the co-operation of the Government of British Columbia, the province in which these birds make their home.

At one time, Trumpeter Swans were known to mest in the central parts of this continent, but with the advance of settlement westward their numbers were reduced - almost to the point of extinction - and the survivors found refuge in a few scattered locations in the wilderness areas of the West. Happily, under the protection afforded by conservation measures, these magnificent birds have gradually recovered until today there are some 900 of them in Canada.

Ancient customein England established the swan as a Royal bird and it will be a matter of great satisfaction to Canadians to know that Trumpeter Swans from this country may bear your swan mark. It is our earnest hope that these graceful birds will become established in the United Kingdom and will create a permanent living memento of your first visit to Canada. May they not only help you to recall what we sincerely hope have been many happy impressions of your first visit but be a constant reminder of the deep store of affection for you which lies in the hearts of all Canadians. Released under

Minister of Resources and Development

The Honourable Robert H. Winters



Text of Address by H.R.H. The Princess Elizabeth at luncheon, St. John's, Newfoundland, Sunday, November 11, 1951.

Mr Prime Minister.

I thank you very much indeed for the words in which you have proposed this toast and I thank you all for the kind way in which you have honoured it. I am very grateful to you for these gifts, and I shall value them because they will always make me think of my first visit to this province which has such close ties with Britain.

I would indeed like to see Newfoundland in Summer - not that I see anything wrong with it in November - but I can assure you that the strongest force which will draw us back here is the warmth of the welcome we have received this morning from your fine people. We shall never forget it and we are very grateful.

This morning my husband and I laid a wreath upon your National War Memorial in memory of those gallant men and women of Newfoundland who gave their lives for their Country. On this Remembrance Day we think of them with gratitude, we think too with pride and admiration of those of all nations who fought, and those who are still fighting today, for freedom.

Tomorrow we must leave. I wish we could have stayed longer and seen more of this province but that must wait for another day which I hope will not be too far distant.



Text of Address by Her Royal Highness The Princess Elizabeth in Confederation Chamber, Provincial Building, Charlottetown, Friday, November 9, 1951.

Mr Prime Minister.

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I thank you and the people of Prince Edward Island most sincerely for the welcome we have been given today. I thank you, too, for your generous gift for charity and for giving us the pleasure of being able to devote it to a cause of our own choosing. And this rare and beautiful fur has delighted me. Whenever I wear it, which will be often, I shall remember our visit here with happiness.

Every Canadian who stands in this historic Confederation Chamber must feel, I know, great pride at all that has been accomplished since Canada took its first steps in nationhood, here, less than 90 years ago.

My husband and I have seen during the last few weeks the progress that has been made in every field of Canadian endeavour, and share with you to the full a great sense of achievement at all that has been done.

Your own province, Mr Premier, is indeed the garden of the Gulf of the St. Lawrence, well tended and productive. It has been a pleasure for us to meet your people and we shall look forward to coming here again before too long a time has passed.

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Text of Address by His Royal Highness The Duke of Edinburgh at City of Halifax Luncheon, Thursday, November 8, 1951

Thank you, Mr Mayor, for the very kind way in which you have proposed the toast to my wife and me, and also for the wonderful welcome we have received here.

The last time I was in Halifax was as a Midshipman returning from the Mediterranean in a troopship in the summer of 1941. We only stopped here for about 24 hours but we were all shown the most warm-hearted hospitality, for which I and many others who came here during the war will always be grateful to the citizens of Halifax.

I am also grateful to you today for this opportunity for me to say good-bye -- or perhaps more exactly -- au revoir, to the people of Canada. It is a sad moment for me as I can truthfully say that this visit has been both fascinating and stimulating. No one visiting danada today can fail to be struck by the tremendous achievements and the enormous possibilities. But perhaps more important is the way people go to work here. Natural resources are not being squandered recklessly, towns and villages are not growing up without proper thought for their citizens' welfare. Everywhere we have seen the same determination to preserve the best and to build a Canada that future generations will be proud of.

You all know that we have been received all over Canada with the most touching friendliness and we are deeply moved; yet I would like to make it quite clear that we are the first to realize that it has been something very much greater than a personal welcome.

I am not impressed by statistics and it does not matter how many miles we went by train, by air or by car. What is important is that we made personal contact on behalf of The King with Canadians of all walks of life from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Naturally there were many whom we could not visit, but I am quite sure they were given a good idea of the preparations made for this visit, and the welcome extended to us by their fellow Canadians, through the Press and the Radio.

Among the many people we have met have been men and women elected by their fellow citizens to look after their affairs in city, province and nation's capital. They have been called officials, unkindly perhaps, but it is upon these very men and women that the present administration and broad future development of this country chiefly depends.

As a result of this visit we take back with us a fairly comprehensive picture of Canada. We have seen you at work and at play, we have seen your homes and your children, and we have prayed with you in your churches. We have seen the forests and the wheatfields, factories and universities, scientists and Armed Services, and we have learnt some of your hopes and fears.

All this has made a profound impression which is impossible to describe. However, I am taking a message back to England, and, indeed, the rest of the world. It may not express exactly what I feel but I am sure everyone will understand when I say that Canada is a good investment.

COPY

Text of Address of H.R.H. The Princess Elizabeth at Province House, Halifax, November 7, 1951.

Mr Premier,

I thank you and the people of Nova Scotia most sincerely for the welcome you have expressed so eloquently and for your prayers for my Father's health.

As the daughter of a sailor and the wife of a sailor it gives me particular pleasure to come to this province which has played so notable a part in the naval history, not only of Canada, but of the whole British Commonwealth.

I was interested to learn that long before the Canadian Navy came into being Nova Scotia had given five admirals to the British Navy and that the first Victoria Cross even awarded to a Canadian was won by a fore-topman, William Hall, of Hantsford.

The part that Nova Scotia has played in the growth of the Royal Canadian Navy and Canadian Merchant Navy cannot be overestimated for many of the ships have been built here on your coasts and a great many of the fine seamen who man them were born and bred in this sea-girt province.

Although our stay in Halifax must be short, I am very glad that before we leave Canada we are to go to another of your fine cities in a ship of the Royal Canadian Navy.

I hope it may be our good fortune to return one day and see more of your beautiful province.

COPY

ROYAL TOAST

(proposed by His Excellency the Governor-General at State Dinner, Government House, October 10th, 1951.)

Your Royal Highnesses, Ladies and Gentlemen,

--

As His Majesty's personal representative in Canada, it gives me great pleasure to extend to Your Royal Highness and His Royal Highness a very warm welcome to Canada.

Speaking in behalf of the Canadian people I should like to say that we feel it a great honour to have you both with us.

More especially do we appreciate your coming to Canada at this time, after the anxious days through which you have just passed.

Most of those present here this evening remember with pride and affection the visit of Their Majesties, your father and mother, when they visited Canada in 1939.

I can assure you that the expressions of loyalty and devotion which were extended to The King and Queen then, during their stay amongst us twelve years ago, will be extended to you in like measure by all Canadians during your journey across you in like measure by all Canadians during your journey across the country, for you will find that you have a very warm corner in the heart and affections of the Canadian people.

This link with the throne is not only one of sentiment and pride, but a thing of real and tangible strength and one of the most important factors in uniting the peoples of the Commonwealth into one great brotherhodd under the British Crown.

It is our earnest wish that your stay amongst us will be as enjoyable as I know it will be fruitful, and that you will carry away with you the happiest recollections of this great country and its fine citizens.

May I express the hope that Your Royal Highnesses will come back again one day, and in the not too distant future.

Ladies and gentlemen, I will ask you to rise and drink the toast to Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth coupled with that of His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh.

YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESSES:

As Minister of the Department of Resources and Development, which is responsible, among other things, for promoting the conservation of wild birds, I have the honour to present to you six live speciments of one of our most treasured waterfowl - The Trumpeter Swan. This gift has been made possible through the co-operation of the Government of British Columbia, the province in which these birds make their home.

At one time Trumpeter Swans were known to nest in the central parts of this continent, but with the advance of settlement westward their numbers were reduced - almost to the point of extinction - and the survivors found refuge in a few scattered locations in the wilderness areas of the West. Happily, under the protection afforded by conservation measures, these magnificent birds have gradually recovered until today there are some 900 of them in Canada.

Ancient custom in England established the swan as a Royal bird and it will be a matter of great satisfaction to Canadians to know that Trumpeter Swans from this country may bear your swan mark. It is our earnest hope that these graceful birds will become established in the United Kingdom and will create a permanent living memento of your first visit to Canada. May they not only help you to recall what we sincerely hope have been many happy impressions of your first visit but be a constant reminder of the deep store of affection for you which lies in the hearts of all Canadians.

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HOLD FOR RELEASE

NOT TO BE PUBLISHED BEFORE 8:00 P.M., NEUFOUNDLAND STANDARD TIME SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1951

TEXT OF ADDRESS FOR FAREWELL BROADCAST BY H.R.H. THE PRINCESS ELIZABETH AT ST. JOHN'S, NFLD., SUNDAY, NOV. 11, 1951.

For five weeks we have travelled through this vast and splendid land of Canada and now we have come once more to the Atlantic. Tomorrow we shall sail for England and the moment has come when I must say goodbye for a time, and thank you. It is not easy for me to say either of these things.

It is not easy to say goodbye because although I am going to a country which is my first home, and although I am happy to be returning to my family and my children, I am also leaving a country which has become a second home in every sense. Wherever we have been throughout the ten provinces, in your great cities, in your towns, in your villages, and indeed in almost every mile that we have travelled through fields, forests, prairies and mountains we have been welcomed with a warmth of heart that has made us feel how truly we belong to Canada.

Nor is it easy to say thank you because no words of mine can express what I would like to tell you. We have seen and heard so much that has moved our imaginations and touched our hearts. We shall take with us memories that will always draw us back to this country; the towering buildings of your big cities and the charm of your smaller communities, the blue skies and golden colours of autumn — or as I have now learnt to call it the fall — and the trees and fields beneath the first snow of winter — all the beauty and majesty of Canada. I thank you for having shown me these things, and am grateful to you for the glimpse you have given me of the greatness of this nation and the even greater future which is within its grasp.

...continued

I have seen this future in the eyes of hundreds of thousands of your children and have heard it in their voices. For as long as I live I shall remember and cherish fondly the greetings which came to us each day from those young people. I pray that their lot in this land will always continue to be a happy one.

I am well aware that the acclaim you have given us, which has often seemed to me to have the breadth and immensity of the sea, has had a far deeper meaning in it than a personal welcome. And this has often made me think of the words spoken by the Governor General in Ottawa during the first days of our visit. He said then that the link with the Crown was a thing of real and tangible strength and one of the most important factors in uniting the peoples of the Commonwealth into one great brotherhood. You have shown me the reality of this, and I thank you for it.

Destiny has given me the great privilege of being able to live my life for the service of that brotherhood; in these five weeks you have given me a new strength and inspiration which I know will always help me in the future. For that I am deeply grateful and say, not goodbye, but au revoir.

Demain nous repartons pour l'Angleterre et le moment est venu pour vous dire adieu, ou plutot, au revoir et merci.

Les mots me manquent pour vous exprimer mes sentiments. Partout ou nous sommes passes dans les dix provinces nous avons ete acueillis avec une cordialite qui

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Je vous remercie d'avoir bien voulu me montrer toute la magnificence et toute la majeste du Canada. Je vous remercie egalement d'avoir bien voulu me permettre d'entrevoir la grandeur actuelle de cette nation et ses promesses d'un avenir encore plus grand.

Cela constituera pour moi une source d'inspiration intsrissable, dont je vous suis reconnaissante. Au revoir!





DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

P.O. BOX 8007, GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS.

WELLINGTON C.1.

27th July, 1953.

MEMORANDUM for :-

The Secretary for External Affairs, External Affairs Department, WELLINGTON.

The B.

GOVERNMENT ADDRESS OF VELCOME AND SPEECHES DURING THE ROYAL TOUR

This is to confirm my verbal request to you of last week, relative to the above.

Information Act Following the normal custom a Government Address of Welcome will be handed to The Queen by the Prime Minister on board the S.S. "Gothic" immediately on her arrival in New Zealand. Drafts of this Address of Welcome, and a suggested reply, will need to be prepared for transmission to Buckingham Palace.

The Queen will speak to New Zealanders in general on three occasions during the Tour. All of these are considered to be important speeches, and the Private Secretary to The Queen has asked that suggested drafts be forwarded as soon as

- The main speech of the visit will be The Queen's reply to the Prime Minister's address at the State Luncheon, to be held in Wellington on Monday, January 11th. As the form to be followed on this occasion will affect the writing of the various speeches, the following brief sketch of the procedure, which has still to be approved, is given for your
- The Prime Minister will propose the toast, which will probably be "The Queen and The Duke of Edinburgh". Then the toast has been honoured the Prime Minister will deliver his speech, and this I understand will be followed by a brief supporting speech by the Leader of the Opposition. The Queen will then respond to the toast and that speech will be the main one of the Tour. Drafts of the speeches by the Prime Minister and the Leader of the Opposition, and a suggested draft reply will be required.
- At 2.30 p.m. on Tuesday, the 12th January, The Queen will open Parliament. Her speech on this occasion will also be an important one, and will be broadcast to the whole of New Zealand. A suggested draft of this speech is required.
 - The final occasion on which The Queen will speak to all New Zealanders is on the occasion of her farewell address on the evening of January 29th, at Invercargill. A draft of this speech is also required.

The draft of The Queen's speech on the occasion of her Christmas Broadcast is being prepared by her advisers in London.

I regret that you were not given earlier advice of these requirements. a. G. Hampur. S

Secretary for Internal Affairs



TEXT OF WELCOME

Reventer 7, 1951

BY HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR OF MONCTON

To fee by a Bighness
The Princess Militabeth.

November 7, 1951

Tour Royal Highmons:

Your Royal Highmess; enveree on visities Moneton on Canadian The people of Moncton welcome you and your prove husband, the Duke of Edinburgh, respectfully, happily and wholeheartedly sance in Moncton recalls of their Welare reminded of the visit of their and in Majesties, the King and Queen, twelve years ago, and ... pray that in due time you will present to them rour objects renewed pledge of loyalty and devotion at least ration at in the daimy duty now is to present you with this peoples address in permanent form which we hope you will accept as an evidence of our affection for yourself and the noble family you represent. The contract the second second ក្នុងស្ថិត្ត ស្រុក ប្រធាន នេះ ។ បាន នេះ បាន ប្រធាន ស្ពេក្សា ខែការប្រធាន ស្ពេក្សា ស្រុក ស្រុក ស្រុក ស្រុក ស្រុក · 我震動作的,我们还是一个人,只要是这个人的,我们就是要的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人,不是一个人的人。 his family and bearings, and for har days days on the control of cope you will encept our respectful whose each analysis bas passed and flat transmility and else of mint say

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PARCHMENT SCROLL TO BE PRESENTED BY HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR OF MONCTON, N.B.

last your Royal His overs and gour national, the November 7, 1951 Edioburgs, could continue on your plans to seek

To Her Royal Highness moer adding and and a second increases upo The Princess Elizabeth to a live who was a manufacture of your respice throughout the angle throughout throughout the angle throughou

Your Royal Highness: umscan es of the posingles with

Canadian tour is an honor of which we shall strive to prove worthy and which we shall ever remember.

Your presence in Moncton recalls the visit of their Majesties; the King and Queen, in 1939, and in welcoming you, stheir daughter and heir presumptive, we experience the same emotions of affection and patriotism that which stirred us then, and which were an inspiration to us in the dark days of the late war when all Britishapeoples adopted as a common cause the defence of the freedoms which weeacceptfas our birthright.outruse and the brings .adinion which mad The recent concern over the health of His Majesty the King now prompts a most respectful expression of the hope. that He will soon be restored to full vigor and that your Royal Highness, on your return home will find him strengthened and once again able to enjoy an active and untroubled life with his family and his people. For Her Majesty the Queen, we hope you will accept our respectful wish that a time of worry hās passed and that tranquility, and ease of mind will return.

That your Royal Highness and your husband, the Duke of Edinburgh, could continue in your plans to visit Canada at a time of family uncertainty affects us deeply and impresses upon us your interest in the lives and surroundings of your people throughout the world. Your visit particularly in view of the unusual circumstances of its beginning, will forge another link in the strong chain which binds together British peoples every where, not by force but by veneration of the Crown and the Royal Family and the ideals of British Democracy.

We in Moncton present ourselves to you, not as citizens of an ancient metropolitan city or as persons of wealth or aristocracy, but as simple, true, loyal and representative Canadians. Our greatest achievement is that here persons of Anglo-Saxon descent live happily and trustingly with Acadians of French inheritence, and that members of these two great races are united as Canadians in respect for our new common culture and the British tradition which made possible its development.

May we reverently beseech God's blessings upon you.

The City of Moncton,
T. Babbitt Parlee,
Mayor

Dated this 7th day of November, A.D. 1951



TEXT OF ADDRESS BY HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS ELIZABETH IN LEGISLATIVE CHAMBER, WINNIPEG, OCTOBER 16TH

Mr. Speaker:

I thank you most sincerely for your welcome to my husband and myself. I thank also the citizens of Winnipeg for having greeted us so warmly.

It is a great pleasure for me to be in Winnipeg as I have read and heard so much of your history. It is indeed one of romance and colour. The story of how this city grew from a tiny settlement on the banks of the Red River, built to act as a clearing house for the fur-traders of the Hudson Bay, to become one of the greatest grain centres of the world is one which has always appealed to my imagination.

I have also been pleased and interested to learn how you have attracted to your city and to the surrounding prairies people from many European countries who have found here the freedom of life they yearned for. In this free and noble country they have found a home and, in return, they have brought with them much that has enriched the nation.

I would like to take this opportunity of thanking you, Mr. Premier, and through you the people of Manitoba for the generous gift you gave me this morning. It will give me great pleasure to give this money to charity.

Our only regret today is that our visit to Winnipeg must be so short. I know it will be pleasant and I sincerely hope that we will come back again to see you.

COPY

TEXT OF ADDRESS BY HRH THE PRINCESS ELIZABETH AT CITY HALL, VANCOUVER, OCTOBER 20TH, 1951

Mr. Mayor and the people of Vancouver.

My father The King will, I know, be most pleased to learn of your thoughts and prayers at this time.

I thank you, Mr. Mayor, for what you have said about my husband and myself, and I thank you also, and the people of Vancouver for this beautiful rose bowl you have given us.

Two weeks ago I stood high up in the Citadel of Quebec and looked eastward towards the great Gulf of St.

Lawrence. As I did so I was very conscious of the great and ever-growing interchange of Commerce and Culture that flows between Canada and all countries lying across the Atlantic.

Today from this famous city and busy port of Vancouver my eyes and thoughts are turned westward across the Pacific towards those other lands of Australasia and the Orient who are looking to you for trade and exchange of ideas.

This makes me realise more than ever before the greatness of this Canada of yours and the notable part you have to play in Pacific affairs.

MationAci



NOTE FOR REPORTERS:

It is probable that additional remarks will be made extemporaneously.

TEXT OF ADDRESS

BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH
AT TORONTO BOARD OF TRADE LUNCHEON
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13TH, 1951

I thank you, Mr. Chairman, for the very kind way in which you proposed my health. May I also thank you and all the Board of Trade of the City of Toronto for the great pleasure you have given me by your invitation to lunch with you today.

Before leaving England I made some enquiries about Commerce and Science in Canada. I was overwhelmed by the helpfulness of the High Commissioner's Office with every sort and kind of information. Reading the material I was struck by the insistence that Canada was a young country full of promise. Meaning no disrespect to the Canadian who wrote this, I would beg to differ.

To me youth means the absence of history or background, a catalogue of untapped resources, and in Culture and Science a reliance upon others for original thought. But coupled with this statement that Canada is a young country was a series of accounts of achievements in every branch of national life which would make many an older country feel proud.

Youth means inexperience, and lack of judgment and an inability to look after one's own affairs. I do not see how these descriptions can be made to fit a nation that pushed a railway through the Rockies, developed the prairies, and exploited the vast natural resources of timber, oil and water power and is steadily pushing the last frontier northward. The Chalk River project alone implies a considerable scientific background which is certainly lacking in many long established nations. Indeed one does not have to look very hard for the achievements of Canadian Scientists. At the University of Tork Professors Banting and Best developed Insulin which means life to Diabetics, and at McGill University new hope for those suffering

ation Act

from certain nervous diseases is offered at the Neurological Institute headed by Dr. Penfield.

But perhaps more important than the individual triumphs is the unique and very sensible organization of Science in Canada. From the National and Provincial Research Councils through the associate Committees a simple and effective pattern exists for getting problems to the right research worker and the right answer back to the people who need it. It is also quite evident that the work of the research laboratories, whether they deal with Metallurgy, Wood-pulp, Agricultural machinery or Propagatry, issecond to none in the world.

To my mind the most interpretant evidence that Canada is no longer a young country, although, I hasten to add still full of youthful energy, is the publication of the Royal Commission report on the national development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences. This report is a remarkable attempt to find out exactly what is present and what is lacking in the National culture. It does not try to hide the fact that there is a great deal which is missing but the fact that this report was written at all implies that it will not be missing for long. It is this consciousness of individuality and determined independence which is the hallmark of a successful nation.

In the old days this independence could only have been won by armed force, but here it has been accomplished by something far stronger and more lasting. It has been accomplished by the living certainty in the minds and hearts of all Canadians that the way of life which you have evolved is full and satisfying and well suited to the conditions under which you live and work. Above all, this been achieved alongside the parallel development and the powerful influence of the friendly giant at the South Door. It is easy enc to withstand the influence of an unfriendly neighbour, but in your case both countries developed with the same ideals and traditions. That you have maintained your own identity and have not been overwhelmed by kindness is a remarkable achievement.

For all this peace at home, the Armed Forces have built a tradition of courage and determination, not in the emotionally chatmosphere of the immediate defence of their homes, but in unsel

Isles the Canadian Army will always be remembered for the security they gave when invasion threatened and the gallantry displayed in the fighting in Italy and North Europe. I can speak from personal experience as I was serving in a Destroyer off the beaches at Sicily when the Canadian Division landed there in 1943.

Young men from every part of the Commonwealth, and indeed the world, will remember their period of training in Canada under the British Commonwealth Air Training plan, which is a monument of what we can do when we get together. The people of Europe have not forgotten the part played by Canadian Airmen in bringing them freedom from tyranny.

Naval warfare is seldom spectacular and convoy duty is especially dull, but I can assure you that anti-submarine warfare in the North Atlantic is not for beginners, but that was the cradle of the Royal Canadian Navy.

These martial traditions, the History and Culture, the Scientific and Commercial achievements, prove to me that this is a flourishing nation with a lot to look back on with pride, a present which compares very favourably with any other country and a future which is a challenge to all that is best in the Canadian character.



P.M. 151/12/1

2 September 1953

MEMORANDUM for:

The Official Secretary,
Office of the High Commissioner
for New Zealand,
LONDON.

PRIME MANISTERS

The Prime Minister is anxious to get a copy of the speech delivered by Mr Harold Holt, the Australian Minister at the Commonwealth Parliamentary Association function at which the Queen was present round about the time of the Coronation. It does not appear to have reached us yet, and Mr Holland would be grateful if a copy could be turned up for his perusal.

For your own information, we are engaged in preparing speeches for the Royal Tour and the Prime Minister wants to have a look at this one, to enable him to frame his own. Something by airmail would be very much appreciated.

(Sgd.) A. D. Meintosh

Secretary of External Affairs.







PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE, WELLINGTON.

2 September 1953

MEMORANDUM for:

Rt. Hon. Mr Holland.

SPEECHES FOR ROYAL TOUR

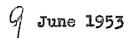
In connection with the preparation of speeches for the Royal Tour, you mentioned that you would like to have a glance through Harold Holt's speech in London at the time of the Coronation.

Unfortunately, the Press devoted practically all of its space to Mr Churchill's speech on that occasion and only a few lines to Mr Holt.

The Parliamentary Association delegation's records have not come out yet but I have sent to London to see if a copy can be obtained and forwarded out by airmail.

I have arranged for the seven or eight speeches required to be prepared during my absence, and I hope that I shall be back in time to do the editing before they have to be submitted to you and sent off to London. Measedunder

Permanent Head.



MEMORANDUM for:

The Secretary for Internal Affairs, WELLINGTON.

> ROYAL TOUR - PREPARATION OF NOTES FOR SPEECHES.

Thank you for your memorandum 1/A of 1 June, 1953. A copy has been forwarded to the Official Secretary, London, with a request that Br Marsden be acquainted with its contents. Presumably you will now inform Buckingham Palace so that Dr Marsden can undertake liaison with the authorities on a proper basis.

Secretary of External Affairs.

P.M. 151/12/1

The Official Secretary Office of the High Commissioner for New Zealand

LONDON.

Referred for appropriate action. Copy of memorandum from the Secretary for Internal Affairs attached.

ISM.) A. D. MEINTOSH

Secretary of External Affairs.

Enc:

Copy of memorandum





DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS. P.O. BOX X GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS.

WELLINGTON C.1.

ation Act

1st June, 1953.

OTANDUM for:-

The Secretary of External Affairs, WELLINGTON.

9.4.53

ROYAL TOUR.

This memorandum relates to the preparation of notes for the use of His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh for a speech that he will be giving during the visit to New Zealand. It has been arranged that the Duke will address representatives of scientific organisations on the morning of Wednesday, 13th January, 1934, and will afterwards lunch with some of the lenders of scientific movements in New Zealand. I propose initiating this function through the Poyal Society of New Zealand which represents all scientific organisations, and talks to this end will later take place with that Society.

In the meantime, the question of the preparation of notes The usual thing in connection with addresses by Royalty in arises. a country they are visiting is for the Government of the country to arrange for the preparation of the speech, or of such notes as may be required to prepare it. In this case, in common with other speeches that either the Queen or the Duke of adinburgh are to make, Buckingham Palace have asked for the preparation of suitable notes to be submitted to the Palace.

I have discussed the matter here with some of the leaders in the scientific world who are familiar with this matter, and it is the general consensus of opinion that in this case, as we have a Scientific Liaison Officer in London, Dr. Marsden, it would be more appropriate if the notes for the Duke's speech were prepared there. Dr. Marsden works in close collaboration with Sir Harold Martley, a leading scientist in England, and Sir Harold in turn is one of the Duke's principal advisers on scientific matters. It is felt that Dr. Marsden, with his knowledge of science in New Zealand, and Bir Harold Martley, with his knowledge of science concrelly, and a beckground to New Zealand that he obtained from a recent visit here, together with his close association with the Duke, and both adequately prepare the background notes that the Duke would wish to have for the preparation of his speech for this occasion.

Would you therefore be good enough to ask the High Commissioner's affice to acquaint on Marsden with the situation, and request him to prepare material accordingly. I, in turn, will arrange for Buckingham Palace to contact him and, if necessary in Marold Martley, and he can then enter into discussion with the appropriate authorities at Buckingham Palace.

Maturally the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (I have already discussed the matter with Dr. Hamilton) and the Royal Society here (I have also discussed it with some of the Society's leaders) will, if br. Hersden desires, be only too happy to supply him with any material or with any thoughts that they have on suitable subjects for inclusion in the address. He calls contact them direct for this information if he felt that he needed any. for this information if he felt that he needed any.

Extra copies of this memorandum are attached for transmissi to London if you wish to do so.

Secretary for Internal Affairs.

Secretary for Internal Affairs.