

ACCEPTANCE OF CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT (DOCUMENTS)

1. Agreed fields:
 - (a) safety aspects of electrical and electronic equipment as defined in point 2;
 - (b) safety aspects of machinery as defined in point 3;
 - (c) electromagnetic compatibility of equipment as defined in point 4;
 - (d) energy efficiency, as defined in point 5, including eco-design requirements; and
 - (e) restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

2. For the purposes of this Annex, "safety aspects of electrical and electronic equipment" means the safety aspects of equipment other than machinery that are dependent on electric currents in order to work properly, and equipment for the generation, transfer and measurement of such currents and which is designed for use with a voltage rating of between 50 and 1 000 V for alternating current and between 75 and 1 500 V for direct current, as well as equipment that intentionally emits or receives electromagnetic waves of frequencies lower than 3 000 GHz with the purpose of radio communication or radiodetermination, with the exception, among others, of:

- (a) equipment for use in an explosive atmosphere;
- (b) equipment for use for radiology or medical purposes;
- (c) electrical parts for goods and passenger lifts;
- (d) radio equipment used by radio amateurs;
- (e) electricity meters;
- (f) plugs and socket outlets for domestic use;
- (g) electric fence controllers;

- (h) toys;
- (i) custom built evaluation kits destined for professionals to be used solely at research and development facilities for such purposes; and
- (j) construction products for permanent incorporation in buildings or civil engineering works, the performance of which has an effect on the performance of the building or civil engineering work, such as cables, fire alarms or electric doors.

3. For the purposes of this Annex, "safety aspects of machinery" means the safety aspects of an assembly, consisting of at least one moving part, powered by a drive system using one or more sources of energy such as thermal, electric, pneumatic, hydraulic or mechanical energy, arranged and controlled so that they function as an integral whole, with the exception of high-risk machinery, as defined by each Party.

4. For the purposes of this Annex, "electromagnetic compatibility of equipment" means the electromagnetic compatibility (disturbance and immunity) of equipment that is dependent on electric currents or electromagnetic fields in order to work properly, and equipment for the generation, transfer and measurement of such currents, with the exception of:

- (a) equipment for use in an explosive atmosphere;

- (b) equipment for use for radiology or medical purposes;
- (c) electrical parts for goods and passenger lifts;
- (d) radio equipment used by radio amateurs;
- (e) measuring instruments;
- (f) non-automatic weighing instruments;
- (g) inherently benign equipment; and
- (h) custom built evaluation kits destined for professionals to be used solely at research and development facilities for such purposes.

5. For the purposes of this Annex, "energy efficiency" means the ratio of output of performance, service, goods or energy to input of energy of a product with an impact on energy consumption during use, and in light of the efficient allocation of resources.

6. This Annex does not cover whole aircraft, vessels, railways, vehicles (including internal combustion engine and electric), as well as specialised maritime, railway, aviation and vehicle (including internal combustion engine and electric) equipment. This Annex includes electric vehicle charging equipment, with the exception of on-board chargers.

7. At the request of either Party the Committee on Trade in Goods shall review the list of fields in this Annex. For the purposes of this review, the Committee on Trade in Goods shall comprise representatives of each Party with expertise in matters covered by this Annex. The Trade Committee may adopt a decision to amend this Annex.

8. In the fields listed in point 1 of this Annex, either Party may introduce requirements for the mandatory third-party testing or certification of the product areas referred to in this Annex, provided that such requirements are justified on grounds of legitimate objectives and are proportionate to the purpose of giving the importing Party adequate confidence that products conform with applicable technical regulations or standards, taking account of the risks that non-conformity would create.

9. A Party proposing to introduce conformity assessment procedures as referred to in point 8, shall notify the other Party at an early stage and shall take the comments of the other Party into account in devising any such conformity assessment procedures.

